

LAST

(Continued from 8th Page.)
 due him to reform him, then he has deliberately chosen a wayward career then and not until then, does the legislature contemplate that the severities of the criminal law shall be applied to the child.

Heretofore the adage prevailed that it was necessary to find a child guilty of a crime before being able to detain him. No child has liberty in a sense that we understand the term. The child must be supported, the school selected, the rules of life provided, and the mode of conduct mapped out for him. All of these things are supplied, not by the child, but by the parents. When the parental care is lacking then it is the duty of the state, which stand in loco parentis to the child, to take the place of the parents.

When the natural parent violates his duty towards the child in any way, or the child has committed some act, which were he an adult he should be held amenable to the criminal laws, then and not until then does the state step in and supply the place of the natural parent, so that the state is not dealing harshly with the child when it applies the same rules and regulations to it that the natural parent usually does. And certainly if the state, occupying the place of the parent, can detain the child, and deprive it from its bad habits without accusing and trying him for a crime, no one will question the proceedings. On the other hand, all must admit that it is certainly a senseless, vicious and demoralizing practice to first make a child a criminal before starting to reform him.

The court, having ascertained the facts, finds out if possible the influences that led the child astray. Perhaps the child is not to believe. He may be mistreated, abused or neglected in his own home. These conditions the court may be able to change. It compels the child to attend school, or if old enough to work, may find employment for him. The discipline and correction is such as the child understands and suitable to the particular case. It is neither fitful nor revengeful. If the child will behave, he may live at home and at his liberty, but if not, he is taken from home and placed in some school, not as punishment, or for a definite time, nor to be kept in idleness, but to be instructed and until better habits are formed, if that is possible, which it is in most cases.

The child is given to understand that he must obey. If not at home then in some other place. On the other hand, the parents are given to understand that the child must be well treated, that he must not be neglected, that he must not be abused, that he must be supplied with the ordinary wants of life, such as are suitable to his station in life. The court does not pretend however, to assume the government of the home, only in so far as to help the parent must do his or her duty as a good citizen, and the child must obey the parents.

Under Section 6 of the Juvenile Court Law the court is given authority to appoint or designate one or more discreet persons of good character to serve as probation officers during the pleasure of the court; said probation officers to receive no compensation from the public treasury. In case a probation officer shall be appointed by the court, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court, if practicable, to notify the said probation officer in advance when any child is to be brought before the said court, shall it shall be the duty of the said probation officer to make investigation as may be required by the court; to be present in the court in order to represent the interests of the child when the case is heard; to furnish the court such information and assistance as the judge may require and to take such charge of any child before and after the trial as may be directed by the court.

And under Section 9 of the law "In the case of a delinquent child the court may continue the hearing from time to time, and may commit the child to the care or custody of a probation officer, and may allow said child to remain in its own home, subject to the supervision of the probation officer; such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required. The subject to be returned to the court for further or other proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary; or the court may cause the child to be placed in some suitable home, subject to the friendly supervision of some friendly officer of the court."

Throughout the entire procedure the child is treated as a child; impressed by the court and the officers with the idea that while he may have been guilty of a technical offense, for which he might be punished, yet he will be given a test. He will be allowed to return to his home under the friendly visitation of the friendly officer, who sees him from time to time, assists him, advises him.

The court is advised by reports from the probation officer as to the child's attendance at school, or his conduct in employment at work and so on.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

Should the child be brought to the court for a second offense the court at once sees that he has broken his parole and acts accordingly as the circumstances warrant. At no time is the child looked upon as a criminal. As will be seen the court's actions are not spasmodic, but rather it imitates that of the good parent; corrects the child; reasons with the child, and finally, as a wise parent will do, when necessary, but intelligently punishes the child by placing him in the John Worthy School where he will be compelled to study, compelled to work and compelled to behave.

This John Worthy School is a place provided by the city for the detention of boys. The Board of Education maintains the public school therein, and has added the rate a Manual Training Department. The boy, when sent to this school remains there until his conduct is such as to justify his release. When released however, he is still guarded and watched, advised and counseled with by the probation officer. When he demonstrates that he is doing the right and proper thing he is allowed to remain unvisited.

The efficiency of this system against the old system is fully demonstrated by these statistics. We have the authority of our jailer, Mr. Witron, for the statement that there were conducted to the county jail, each year, an average of 575 boys under sixteen years of age, who were arrested on criminal charges, tried as criminals, and if convicted, sentenced to serve time in penal institutions, under the same law as governed the case of adults. Mr. Whitman, says that since the Juvenile Court has been in operation, not over twenty boys under the age of sixteen years have been sent to jail, and these were boys who had, early in life, started on a career of crime. Some of these latter number were indicted, tried and sentenced to the Illinois State Reformatory at Pontiac. Substantially now there is no one, nor has there been since the Juvenile Court laws went into effect, under the age of sixteen years, committed to our jail.

Statistics further show that 95 percent of the boys that previously were confined in Prison cells, jails, police stations, were lost. Statistics from the John Worthy School for the first year show that 88 percent of the boys did not return to the Court after being released from the John Worthy School, and 18 percent of the boys that had been paroled were not in Court again for the second time.

Section 11 of the law provides that no child under twelve years of age shall be committed to a jail or a police station, and that when any child shall be sentenced to confinement in any institution to which adult convicts are sentenced, it shall be unlawful to confine such child in the same building with such adult convicts, or to bring such child into any yard or building in which adult convicts may be present.

Other provisions of the law provide for supervision of societies interested in child-saving work, for incorporation societies engaged in the work.

And for religious preferences the law requires the court committing children to place them as nearly as practicable in the care and custody of individuals holding the care religious belief as the parents of the child, or with some association which is controlled by persons of a like religious faith of the parents of said child, and finally, powers is given to the court to compel parents, when able to do so, to support their children, by order of the court, no matter where they may be placed, either in a public or private institution, or with a party or individual.

As will be seen from the foregoing, there is nothing new or novel about the Juvenile Court law. Simply a recognition and utilization of all agencies even down to the individual. A centralizing of all work pertaining to children into one court. The petty justice, the inferior court, the criminal court, the other numerous courts and police officers cannot deal with children in Chicago as formerly. All children's cases must be transferred to the Circuit Court, the Court of unlimited jurisdiction; the judge who is selected to preside over this Court for a year becomes so well acquainted with the cases that he is able at once to separate the dependent and neglected from the delinquent children; can apply to each the necessary correction methods that the particular case demands.

Illinois is trying to apply, and is now applying the same thoughts, the same ideas, the same methods, the same means of prevention, that the intelligent parents applies to his children.

Among the interesting papers read at the session at the Y. M. C. A. this morning was that of G. W. Harbarger, superintendent of the Jackson county infirmary. It covered the laws pro-

viding for the protection of children from brutal or inhuman parents, and put the question as to what were the responsibilities of township trustees and infirmary officials in securing their enforcement granted that these laws are not enforced. What the remedy is and how it is to be applied was suggested in the following remarks:

"The law providing for the support of children by their parents, and providing for the protection of children from brutal or inhuman parents. What are the responsibilities of Trustees and infirmary officials in securing their enforcement granted that these laws are not enforced? What is the remedy, and how is it to be applied?"

"If, in the consideration of this topic, I fail to meet your expectations, those who follow me will make up all deficiencies, and I will attempt to do little else than to introduce the subject and open the discussion.

"The obligations of parents arise from the relation they sustain. These obligations exist and are binding in the absence of any specific code and it ought not to be necessary to enforce obedience. The duty of parents is to educate and bring up their children in such a manner as will conduce most to their usefulness as members of society, and to their welfare and happiness, so that place them where you will in the world, they may be able to master the circumstances and deal with the stern realities of life. This comprehends support and education, physically, mentally and morally. The parent who neglects his duty to his children is sowing for himself, and for them, the seeds of future suffering and misery. Without discipline no valuable habit can be formed and no life can be made happy here or hereafter. Our official responsibility, under the laws which provide for the protection of children from brutal and inhuman parents, is limited to Section 945 which provides that 'Children who are under the custody of parent, guardian or next friend, and who, by reason of neglect, abuse, or from moral depravity, habitual drunkenness, incapacity or unwillingness of such legal custodians to exercise proper care or discipline over them, are being brought up to lead idle, vagrant, or criminal lives, shall be committed to the guardianship of the trustees of a county or district children's home, if the trustees of the township in which they have a legal settlement, or the infirmary directors of the county after a careful and impartial investigation of the condition and facts, as they exist, deem it manifestly requisite for the future welfare of such children, and for the benefit and protection of society.' This law makes it the duty of township trustees and infirmary directors to commit such children to the guardianship of the trustees of a county or district children's home. To commit them to their guardianship, then, it becomes necessary to place them in the children's home, but if there be no children's home in the county or district, the law becomes inoperative and the officials therein have no duty to perform, and have no responsibility in the premises, for the law, though general in its character, does not, and cannot apply to counties having no county or district home. It follows, then, the operation of the law is limited to the counties having such homes, and upon the officials of these counties alone, the duty and the responsibility rests, and I am not surprised if they are not seeking out and forcibly removing the children in their respective counties that come within the purview of this section of the law. Trustees and infirmary directors generally, and rightfully too, seek to lessen the number of wards of the public, while a strict enforcement of this section would more than double the present population of the homes, and correspondingly increase the cost of these institutions. Therefore trustees and infirmary directors are not swift to enter the homes of self supporting families to remove the children of this class, and it is only when the head of the house fails to feed and clothe the children of the household, that they feel bound to act. I do not believe the public should be burdened with the care of children whose parents are able to maintain and provide for them. If the law must remain, modify it so as to require the parents or guardians to bear the expense of their care and training.

"Trustees and infirmary directors are by this section, made a court of inquiry and investigation, whose sessions, like the waters of the brook, would go on forever, and any attempt to enforce their orders would result in endless strife and litigation in copious tears, and heart-breaking sorrow.

"Every man's home is his castle, and he who meddles with or undertakes to regulate the household of another, is treading on dangerous ground and is not always a public benefactor. Civil law is not a specific for moral obliquity, nor mental degeneracy. It seeks at best to temper and regulate the outward workings of society. No law can be rendered effective unless safe, wise and just measures are adopted to secure enforcement. The

tabbed council of mice that, for their own protection, resolved to bell the cat, succeeded admirably until it became necessary to appoint one of their number to carry out the resolution, when, alas, it was found no agent was at hand that could safely undertake the work. So it is, law makers should look ahead to the possibility of enforcing their enactments.

"What a task it would be to remove and maintain, at public expense, all the children who by reason of neglect, abuse, or from habitual drunkenness, incapacity, or willingness of the legal custodian to exercise proper care or discipline over them, are being brought up to lead idle, vagrant, or criminal lives? What a vast and uninviting field of labor is here presented. What wonder then that the law is not being enforced. In many localities trustees and directors would have no time for anything else. Even if desirable, its enforcement does not seem practicable and why not repeal it? Amend or modify it, at least, so far as it relates to infirmary directors. If township trustees must be assisted in carrying out the law, why not let the trustees of the children's home take the place of the infirmary directors? Infirmary directors have no legal connection with homeless and destitute children, and why give them jurisdiction over children that are neither homeless nor destitute? Infirmary directors are not legally authorized to provide for children of any class, except idiotic and imbecile children. They may, however, provide temporarily for children who are afflicted with a contagious disease, provided they are at the same time applicants for admission to a children's home, but under no other conditions can infirmary officials give relief to children of sound mind.

"For incorrigible children's reformatories are provided by the state but these are not incorrigible children. Neither are they destitute and requiring public support, but they are growing up neglected, surrounded by vicious companions, and subject to evil associations. Rather than remove them, it seems to me it were better to change the conditions surrounding them. Disinfect and purify the atmosphere of their daily life. Make every locality morally healthy, and a fit place for the dwelling and rearing of children. Break up the slums of your cities, the bad lands, rat rows, and the filthy vice-breeding sections of your towns and villages. Have no soil for corruption and villainy to take root. Have no quarter that by common consent is given over to lawlessness, set apart and dedicated to the propagation of immorality and crime. Destroy the noxious weeds that spring up to choke, distort and dwarf the physical, intellectual and moral capacity of the children. Here it seems to me you would be moving along the line of least resistance, and in accordance with public sentiment, a potent factor in every effort of amendment. The family is a society and must be governed and the right and duty of governing it rests with the parent.

"Be slow to relieve the parents of their responsibility. Hold them accountable, as far as possible, for the proper care and discipline of their children.

"Rigidity enforce the compulsory education law, and the laws for the prevention of cruelty to animals and children, and if need be, amend and make them stronger.

"Restore the bible to its place in the public schools, and let the education of the heart keep pace with that of the head and hand.

"In conclusion allow me to quote the language of the poet: 'In colleges and halls, in ancient days, There dwelt a sage called discipline. His eye was meek and gentle, and a smile Played on his lips, and in his speech was heard Paternal sweetness, dignity, and love. The occupant dearest to his heart Was to encourage goodness. Learning grew Beneath his care, a thriving, vigorous plant. The mind was well informed, the passions held Subordinate, and diligence was choice. If o'er it chanced, as sometimes chance it must That one, among so many, overleaped The limits of control, his gentle eye Grew stern and darted a severe rebuke.

"His frown was full of terror and his voice Shot the delinquent with such fits of awe As left him not till penitence had won Lost favor back again, and closed the breach. But the discipline at length O'erlooked and unemployed, grew sick and died. Then study languished, emulation slept And virtue fled. The schools became a scene Of solemn farce, where ignorance on stilts His cap well lined with logic not his own. With parrot tongue performed the scholars task. Proceedings soon a graduated dance."

"Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long, may result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidney well. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp.

PRESIDENT NOT RICH.

Roosevelt's Personal Income For Year Was \$3,000 a Year.

President Roosevelt is not a rich man. He has never been wealthy. His personal income for many years has been \$3,000 a year, and the personal income of Mrs. Roosevelt has also been \$3,000 a year. So, by joining these incomes, the Roosevelt family have lived in fair fashion, says the New York Sun. There have been no extravagances, but everything has been conducted on practical and careful lines, and anybody who is aware of Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt's social standing for the last twenty years can easily see that the joint income of \$10,000 a year would be none too much for the demands upon them.

Mr. Roosevelt's salary as an assemblyman was \$1,500 a year, and you can bet your last trade dollar, that he received no other income as an assemblyman while at Albany. His salary as a United States civil service commissioner under President Harrison was \$5,000 a year. His salary as police commissioner under Mayor Strong was \$5,000 a year.

His salary as assistant secretary of the navy under Secretary Long was \$4,500 a year. His salary as a Lieutenant colonel and colonel of the United States volunteers in the Cuban service was \$10,000 a year. His salary as governor of the state of New York was \$10,000 a year. His salary as vice president of the United States was \$8,000 a year. His present salary as president of the United States is \$50,000 a year.

President Roosevelt in all of his ways is practical and thrifty. He told a friend the other night at dinner in the White House that he was very glad that he had ordered a new frock coat just before the reason that that coat served in all of the sad ceremonies incident to President McKinley's death. At the time that President Roosevelt made this statement it was pretty hot in Washington, and he still wore the thick frock coat.

A Safe Cure for Headache.
 Have you ever felt depressed after taking a Headache Remedy, and do you know that if it contained a Heart Tonic it would cure without that depression? Clinie Headache Wafers are a Heart Tonic, never depress, never fail, best and safest cure in the world. Easily taken. Absolutely harmless. 10 cents all druggists.

Dr. Taylor, dentist, Cincinnati block
 All work guaranteed. 53-ct.

For Female Complaints.
 and diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. Lichy's Celery Nerve Compound is an invaluable specific. Sold by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Lots of sermons are not as broad as they are long.

Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long, may result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidney well. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp.

Bon Ami

Is used in the form of a thin lather and will not scratch.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 10610. Page 32.
 App. Doc. W. vs.
 Andrew E. Riley, plaintiff,
 vs.
 Mary E. Riley et al., defendant.
 Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of a writ of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio on

Saturday, November 23d, 1901,

Between the hours of one o'clock and three o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows to-wit:

Lots numbers 638 and 639—old numbers 21 and 22, and also a strip of land ten feet wide off of the north side of lot number 640 and extending the entire length of said lot, the same being in Eureka addition to the town now city of Lima, Allen county, subject to a strip of land fifty (50) feet wide, conveyed to the city of Lima, Ohio, by deed of George N. Riley, by deed of general warranty as recorded in Vol. 72, page 137, of Allen county, Ohio, deed records. All of which said real estate is now known as lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29), as subdivided by A. J. Morris, district appraiser of June 12th, 1900, as appears from plat of part of Eureka addition to Lima, Ohio, as the same is recorded in plat book (5), page 39, recorder's office, Allen county, Ohio. Appraised at \$1475.00.

Terms of sale: Cash on day of sale and to be sold at not less than two-thirds of the appraised value.
 E. A. BOGART,
 Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.
 Lima, Ohio, Oct. 21, 1901.
 Cable & Farmer,
 Plaintiff's Attorneys.
 oct. 22-4t.

Michigan Potatoes.

We are Offering This Week Michigan Potatoes

75c Per Bushel.

White Stock.

AT

JAMES S. SMITH'S,

GROCER. Phone 127.

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Dentistry is what you get at our office. We give a guarantee that is genuine, and offer the best work at these moderate prices:



Full Set Teeth..... \$5.00
 Bridge Work..... \$5.00
 Gold Crowns..... \$5.00
 Silver Fillings..... 50c
 Gold Fillings..... \$1.00 up

No charges for Painless extracting when teeth are ordered.

We invite inspection of our work.

LUSH & BANNISTER,

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PHONE 891. OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, LIMA, OHIO.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

In the Court of Common Pleas, Allen county, Ohio.
 C. W. Torrence, plaintiff,
 vs.
 Margaret F. Everett, defendant.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale issued in the above entitled case and to the undersigned receiver of the firm of Everett & Torrence Shoe Company, said receiver will offer at public auction, at No. 125 North Main street, Lima, Ohio, on Thursday, October 31, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, the entire stock of boots, shoes, rubber goods and merchandise belonging to the said firm, and now located at the former place of business of said firm, Number 125, North Main street, Lima, Ohio, including the safe, furniture and fixtures.

A complete inventory of all of said property is now on file with the receiver at No. 16, public square, Lima, Ohio.

Terms of sale cash. Said property to be sold at not less than two thirds of its appraised value.
 Appraised, \$3891.75.
 J. U. HEINIGER, Receiver of C. W. Torrence & Shoe Co.
 Cable & Farmer, Attorneys
 oct. 21-4t

LEGAL NOTICE.

Noah Chandler, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 25th day of September, 1901, Samuel K. Holland and Harry S. Moulton, partners as Holland & Moulton, filed their petition in the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, in case No. 10805, against Jake J. Miller, and Katie Miller, and the above named Noah Chandler, and others, praying for the foreclosure of a mortgage signed by said Jake J. Miller and Katie Miller, above named defendants, to The Lima Home and Savings Association, of Lima, Ohio, and afterwards assigned by said The Lima Home and Savings Association of Lima, Ohio, to said plaintiffs on lot No. four thousand five hundred and eighty-five (4585) in Van Dyke's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio, given to secure a note on which a balance of five hundred and forty-seven and thirteen hundredths (\$547.13) dollars is due and payable, with interest from the 28th day of September, 1901, and for marshalling of liens and equitable relief.

Said Noah Chandler is required to answer on or before the 30th day of November, A. D. 1901, or judgment may be taken against him.
 SAMUEL K. HOLLAND and HARRY S. MOULTON,
 Partners as Holland & Moulton.
 Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock,
 oct. 17-6wks Attorneys for Plaintiff.

LEGAL NOTICE.

The Fidelity Coal & Supply Co. vs. J. N. Chapin.
 Before Wm. E. Reilly, Justice of the Peace within and for Ottawa Township, Allen county, Ohio. Case No. 5359, docket 4, page 9.

The defendant will take notice that on September 23d A. D. 1901, said Justice issued an attachment in the above entitled case for the sum of \$73.23, and the said attachment will be for hearing upon the 20th day of November A. D. 1901, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Lima, Ohio, October 15, 1901.

The Fidelity Coal & Supply Co. Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, attorneys. 13-3wks

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Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA Made only by Madison Medicine Co., Madison, Wis. It keeps you well. Our trade mark is a red package. Price, 35 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitutes. Ask for your druggist.

T. Rheumatic HAS BEEN

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED BY THOUSANDS of Rheumatic sufferers, who will testify to the merits of this great remedy. No matter how long it has been with you, do not despair. Regulates the bowels, gives good appetite. A 3 weeks treatment \$1.00. For sale by McCall's Drug and T. N. Cunningham.

George S. Mills
 Architect

Toledo and Lima

Charles W. Dawson
 Representative

305 Masonic Temple, Lima

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We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part of all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it to be their interest to call.
 C. H. FOLSOM,
 Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 2 and 3, Holmes Block.

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AT 4% TO 5% FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS in sums of \$500 and upward, on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying \$100.00 any multiple thereof at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.
 THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
 1001 and 2 Metropolitan Block, Lima.
 Henderson & Rogers, Attorneys.

3 FIRST-CLASS BARBERS

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BEST BATH ROOMS
 in the city.

BANEY & SHEPARD,
 Metropolitan Barber Shop.

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East Side Public Square, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

Hot, cold, shower and vapor baths. Ladies and children hair cutting done to order.

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 214 North Central Avenue.

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 Lima Telephone No. 509.

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Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

Property in all parts of the city. Especially in the south and west parts have quite a number of good building lots. Call and see before you buy.
 3rd Floor Opera House Bldg.

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Building and Loan
 AGENCY.

Definite contract plan. Payments limited to 100 months. For particulars Call at 35 Opera House Block, Lima, Ohio.

BANNER SALVE
 The most healing salve in the world.

LIST

Of the Officers of Election

Who Will Serve

At the Polls on Next Tuesday.

Notices Sent Out by Clerk of the County Board of Elections.

Men Who Will Serve in the City Precincts Next Tuesday Will Also Serve at the City Election Next Spring.

Clerk Edmiston, of the county board of deputy supervisors of elections has sent out notices to the men who have been appointed to serve as judges and clerks at the various voting places in the city and county on next Tuesday. The officers who will serve in the city precincts will also serve next spring at the city election. The full list of judges and clerks is as follows:

AMANDA TOWNSHIP.
Presiding Judge, Edward Bowsher, D.
Clerk, A. S. Staup, D., J. L. Cochran, R.

Judges, John A. Byrd, R., Albert C. R. C. Patterson, D.

AUGLAIZE EAST.
Presiding Judge, C. W. Johnston, R.

Judges, J. M. McClure, R., John F. McKim, D., C. M. Patterson, D.
Clerks, Wm. Long, D., G. A. Rumbach, R.

AUGLAIZE WEST.
Presiding Judge, C. H. Blumenthal, R.
Judges, William Hoover, R., L. B. Harrod, D., Park Baker, D.
Clerks, N. L. Jacobs, D., W. H. Cress, R.

BATH TP.
Presiding Judge, Jacob Staver, D.
Judges, G. K. Ferrall, D., S. H. Greer, R., P. S. Hanthorn, R.
Clerks, T. P. Sprout, R., Frank Roe, R.

GERMAN TP.
Presiding Judge, A. J. Stevick, D.
Judges, Newton Berry, D., J. W. Powersock, R., B. F. Runion, R.
Clerk, John Clippinger, R., David East, D.

JACKSON TP.
Presiding Judge, M. F. Boyd, D.
Judges, C. J. Seivitz, D., J. C. Marsh, R., G. C. Binkley, R.
Clerks, Thomas Fleming, R., A. M. Cline, D.

MONROE TP.
Presiding Judge, A. L. Belch, R.
Judges, C. H. Bowers, R., Godfrey Hummel, D., Robert Searfoss, D.
Clerks, Thomas J. Martz, D., J. E. Elchert, R.

LIMA 1st Ward A.
Presiding Judge, John O'Neil, D.
Judges, John Kaliber, D., J. W. Brown, R., Harry Keller, R.
Clerks, J. M. Brown, R., Cornelius Eliza, D.

1st Ward B.
Presiding Judge, John Shannahan, D.
Judges, John Kennedy, D., Chas. McClam, R., E. Cantieny, R.
Clerks, Edson Porenmir, R., Wm. Bonan, D.

2nd Ward.
Presiding Judge, John Klatt, D.
Judges, Philip Walther, D., O. H. O'Dell, R., Robert Wilson, R.
Clerks, Omer O'Dell, R., Edward Gorman, D.

3rd Ward A.
Presiding Judge, C. A. Phillips, R.
Judges, C. H. Cook, R., G. W. James, D., M. Pangle, D.
Clerks, E. Holman, D., Ed. McCune, R.

3rd Ward B.
Presiding Judge, C. H. Truesdale, R.
Judges, Adam Whemiller, R., P. P. Smith, D., Wilbur Fisk, D.
Clerks, Wm. Heffner, D., Emmett Summough, R.

4th Ward A.
Presiding Judge, E. F. Davis, R.
Judges, Daniel Baker, R., John Thompson, Sr., D., James Spyker, D.
Clerks, Chas. Keller, D., E. J. Waltz, R.

4th Ward B.
Presiding Judge, John W. Arnold, D.
Judges, James Mertz, D., J. W. Stegall, R., W. C. Mathews, R.
Clerks, F. H. Brown, R., Al. Altenbach, D.

4th Ward C.
Presiding Judge, A. J. Morris, R.
Judges, A. L. Davis, R., Andrew Jacobs, D., R. W. Polling, D.
Clerks, I. N. McGuire, D., Howard Dunbar, R.

5th Ward

Inflamed Kidneys

Causes the excretion of urine to be wrong. The excretion of a diseased organ is bound to be wrong. Such urine burns and sores when it is passed. It causes an uneasiness about the region of the bladder. It causes a frequent desire to urinate, great nervousness at times, and sometimes pain in passing the urine. Whenever these symptoms are present, you may be sure that it is high time that you were taking

SANURY

the one remedy that can be relied on to cure inflammation of the kidneys. Remember that while these symptoms are in themselves disagreeable enough, they are but the warnings of more serious trouble, and great suffering to follow, if not checked in time. Sanury makes wonderful cures, acting with promptness and affecting lasting results. With Sanury it is once cured, forever cured. For Sanury gets at the bottom of the trouble and removes the cause.

\$1.00 a bottle at all druggists.
SINMS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Presiding Judges, A. J. Warner, D.
Judges, J. H. Fink, D., J. H. M. Morrison, R., L. H. Shreeves, R.
Clerks, O. J. Rose, R., Bert Blosser, D.

6th Ward A.
Presiding Judge, Owen Francis, R.
Judges, R. B. Garretson, R., Roy Hume, D., Boyd Douglass, D.
Clerks, Dolt Fisher, D., Archie Peck, R.

6th Ward B.
Presiding Judge, P. A. Kahle, R.
Judges, L. H. Rogers, R., Amos Young, D., E. P. Wilkins, D.
Clerks, Frank Phinney, D., Harold Standish, R.

7th Ward A.
Presiding Judge, James J. Wendock, D.
Judges, Ed. Veasey, D., J. W. Mowen, R., D. C. Richmond, R.
Clerks, E. E. Eicher, R., Thos. Cunningham, D.

7th Ward B.
Presiding Judge, Miner A. Atmur, R.
Judges, H. W. Lewis, R., Chas. Gottfried, D., Hugh Conroy, D.
Clerks, Wm. Haller, D., M. A. Parker, R.

RICHLAND TP., B. D. PRECT.
Presiding Judge, George Bailey, D.
Judges, Martin Wenzinger, D., Wm. Edgcombe, R., Chas. Snodgrass, R.
Clerks, Frank Nicolet, R., Marshall Jennings, D.

MARION TP.
Presiding Judge, Bernard Folke, D.
Judges, C. H. Mosier, D., C. T. Baxter, R., R. D. Jones, R.
Clerks, T. G. Humphreys, R., Howard M. Peltier, D.

DELPHOS FIRST WARD.
Presiding Judge, Albert Whitbread, D.
Judges, Joseph Kramer, D., Frank Brown, R., Wm. C. Hawkins, R.
Clerks, Frank Kollsmith, R., Wm. Stageman, D.

DELPHOS SECOND WARD.
Presiding Judge, Henry Linderman, D.
Judges, James Evick, D., J. M. Chapman, R., J. G. Baxter, R.
Clerks, J. E. Picher, R., J. C. Jett, inghoff, D.

RICHLAND TP. BLUFFTON PRECT.
Presiding Judge, Chas. Steingraber, D.
Judges, N. M. Kibler, D., C. B. Mann, R., J. M. Mumma, R.
Clerks, H. G. Murray, R., Wm. Augsberger, D.

RICHLAND TP.
Presiding Judge, Wm. F. Stager, D.
Judges, Samuel Balmer, D., John Huber, R., W. S. Bentley, R.
Clerks, Joseph Huber, R., John R. Nicholson, D.

SHAWNEE TP.
Presiding Judge, Levi Crites, D.
Judges, Wm. T. Kimes, D., John McClure, R., Lonzo McClain, R.
Clerks, C. P. Langstaff, R., Willis A. McBeth, D.

SEIGAR CREEK TP.
Presiding Judge, Robert P. Jones, R.
Judges, George Carman, R., A. C. Ridenour, D., D. E. Huffer, D.
Clerks, Lester W. Bechtol, D., John C. Jones, R.

ELIDA SPECIAL.
Presiding Judge, N. E. Brennenman, D.
Judges, E. M. Steman, D., Thomas Whitlington, R., C. W. Johns, R.
Clerks, Freeman Baxter, R., Delbert McBride, D.

LANDECK SPECIAL.
Presiding Judge, Henry Metzger, D.
Judges, John Steiger, D., J. C. Harbert, R., W. E. Rigdon, R.
Clerks, W. T. McCracken, R., Henry Heidenesher, D.

SPENCER TP.
Presiding Judge, Jacob B. Sunderland, D.
Judges, J. A. Wolford, D., F. L. Langley, R., J. M. Biner, R.
Clerks, Kilburn Moshawart, R., E. M. Weis, D.

PERRY TP.
Presiding Judge, Loren Lock, D.
Judges, John Barges, D., Cloyd McClain, R., J. S. Franklin, R.
Clerks, Jessie Bowdye, R., W. E. Cummings, D.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Quain's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

DAY

Amid the Hustling People

On South Side.

Reception Accorded to New Minister

Who Has Taken Up His Abode in Their Midst.

The Stella Lodge of Rebekahs Will Confer Degrees Upon Candidates Tomorrow Night.

At the south Lima Christian church yesterday evening a reception was tendered Rev. W. G. Sims, who recently assumed charge of this pastorate. A large number of the congregation were present, contributing to the occasion's enjoyableness. Rev. Underwood, president. At the conclusion of a brief musical program Mr. Underwood formally welcomed Rev. Sims to south Lima, wishing him pleasant associations, also success in all his church undertakings. Many of the remarks were of a humorous nature. In response, Rev. Sims, pledged his best efforts in behalf of the church promising grand results, with the cooperation of the church membership. Mr. Sims is a natural wit. When Mr. Underwood established a precedent in this regard he did much for the evening's pleasure. Rev. Sims in replying to his welcome revealed in mirth, his remarks being laughable. The addressers happily affected all present. Succeeding the program was a session of general sociability, with handshaking, followed by adjournment. The occasion of Rev. and Mrs. Sims' presentation to south Lima society will be pleasantly remembered. The congregation is entirely satisfied with their new pastor, who came here from Tiffin, where he established an enviable ministerial reputation. For a number of years he was identified with national work of the church, especially in the west, where he came in contact with many of the notables of that section of the country. Recently at Minneapolis, Minn., he was honored by being invited to speak for the international convention of the church. His address was favorably commented upon by the press as well as the convention. He is an earnest capable young man, who will undoubtedly merit the admiration of all during his pastorate here.

Mrs. Kiser, on Forest avenue, was injured yesterday by being thrown from a buggy in a runaway.

Tonight members of Solar lodge of Odd Fellows will attend a meeting called by the district representative. The meeting will be largely of a social nature.

Sunday morning Rev. Sims will deliver a special discourse to the lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen, who will attend the service at the south Lima Christian church in a body. The services will be in commemoration of the thirty-third anniversary of the order's organization.

Mrs. J. B. Young's guest, Mrs. B. F. Cleveland, returned today to her home at Kalida.

Louis Armstrong is suffering from a painfully swollen face seeming to be poisoned, being superinduced by the use of a toilet soap, purchased from a peddler.

Premature celebrations of Hollow Ben are responsible for considerable destruction of property, including the wrecking of several board side walks in the vicinity of west Vine street.

Tomorrow evening Stella lodge of Rebekahs will confer degrees upon a number of candidates at the lodge rooms on south Main street. The degree staff of Cridersville will assist. After the work social features with a banquet, will be in order. Attendance from several towns is expected.

Lefty Wheeler on east Kibby street has for his guest Dr. H. Stemen from Delphos.

Visiting his mother on east Eureka street Walter Finley, has returned to Dayton.

William Davis returned yesterday from an extended trip through Kansas.

Mrs. J. S. Barnes in company of her husband has gone to Parkersburg, West Virginia, for a weeks sojourn.

A. H. Sammettlinger with his wife from Hartford City, is at his father's, James Sammettlinger, on Tanner avenue, who had his arm crushed between cars while working in the Erie yards last week.

Miss Mable Gullett is entertaining Miss Edna May from New York city. Ralph Quinn left last night for his Dayton home after spending a few days with his parents in south Lima.

Miss Belle Tracewell, on south Central avenue, is suffering from a wound upon the head accidentally inflicted by a playmate. The injury is painful.

J. E. Evey, with his wife, have returned to their St. Johns avenue home from Green Springs, where they attended the nuptials of Mrs. Evey's sister to a gentleman of that place.

Miss Eva Write is visiting at Piqua. G. W. Spensler left last night for Buffalo, where he will remain several days. From there he will go to his former home at Wellington, N. Y. He will visit several other places in the east before returning.

Relatives here of William Robinson, who went to California several months ago have received from him specimens of fruit in his locality. He also sent several pictures of the oil field centers at which he is employed. There are several other Lima men at Bakersfield, and in other towns in his locality.

His friends here are surprised to learn of the wedding at Ft. Wayne, Sunday, of Frank Roice to Miss Nona Woods, in that city. He went there last winter to take a position with his uncle. He will probably reside there permanently.

Miss Blanche Wetherill from Findlay, completing a stay with relatives in this locality has returned home.

Confined to her residence on east Burelia street by malaria fever, Mrs. A. Nunstrum is now convalescent.

Mrs. Clippinger on south Elizabeth street, is recovering from recent illness.

Mrs. Mary Humes on St. Johns avenue, confined to her bed by illness is improving.

Peter Francis on east Vine street, injured in a runaway accident was able to leave the house yesterday.

Transacting business here Milton Lear has returned to his Findlay home.

Milton Cupp, from Missouri, is a guest at D. S. Crossley's on east Kibby street.

Tonight a farewell will be given by the Idlewild club to a member, Robert Dingledine, who leaves soon for his future home in the west. A number of other social functions will be enjoyed tonight by south Lima young people in observance of Hallow Een.

A Report from Supt. J. C. GLUCK, Reform School, Pruntytown, W. Va.
Oct. 15th, 1900. "After trying all other advertised cough medicines we have decided to use Foley's Honey and Tar exclusively in the West Virginia Reform School. I find it the most effective, and absolutely harmless." For sale by H. F. Vorkamp.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

A gray driving horse about seven years old, with one split ear, and a scar on left front leg, with a good stable blanket on him came to Frank Alstetter's place on the Elda road Tuesday night. Owner can have the same by identifying property and paying expenses.

Mrs. T. Briddleman of Marshallville, Mich., was troubled with salt rheum for thirteen years and had tried a number of doctors without relief. After two applications of Bannan's Salve, her hands became better and in a short time she was entirely cured. Beware of substitutes. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp.

Mrs. Charles' \$20,000 Dresses.

Mrs. Yerkles, Mrs. Yerkles, wife of the great railway magnate, was a passenger on the Deutschland, arriving in New York a few days ago. Mrs. Yerkles brought with her a most magnificent wardrobe. When she made her declaration, Mrs. Yerkles frankly admitted the possession of dutiable articles of wearing apparel valued at \$20,000. For six months past the leading milliners of Paris and London have contributed their first creations to the wardrobe Mrs. Yerkles was collecting for her visit to America. When Mrs. Yerkles left Paris recently after her dual shopping tour to join her husband in London, the leading modiste of the gay capital announced that she had collected the most tasteful and elaborate wardrobe ever owned by any one of less than royal rank.

Nell—Can you wear a No. 3 shoe? Belle—Yes, if it comes to a pinch. Willie—Who was it made Rome how? Bobby—I guess it must 'a' been a dentist.

Tonsil

You can do an effective work when your throat is sore and tied up, your head buzzing and feverish.

will almost immediately cure a sore throat and by removing the cause, all troublesome symptoms disappear. 25c. 50c. 1.00 per box. The Tonsil Co., Chicago, Ill.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION!

STATE AND COUNTY ELECTION, TO BE HELD Tuesday, Nov. 5th, 1901.

State of Ohio } ss.
Allen County, }

To the Qualified Voters of Allen County, Ohio:

Whereas, by the laws of Ohio regulating elections, it is required by the Sheriff of this county to give notice before the time of holding a general election, by proclamation throughout the county of the time at which such election shall be held:

In pursuance of such requisition, I, E. A. Bogart, sheriff of Allen county, Ohio, do hereby proclaim and make known that the

A Sour Stomach

Is Often the Real Cause of a Sour Temper.

That the condition of the digestive organs has a marked effect upon the character or disposition is a truism as old as the hills. Old Ben Johnson



wisely said, "the pleasure of living depends upon the liver," and it is a fact which none may dispute that a sunny disposition more often results from a healthy digestion than from any other cause.

Acid dyspepsia, commonly called sour stomach or heartburn, is caused by slow digestion of food; instead of being promptly digested and converted into blood, bone and muscle, it lies in the stomach for hours, fermenting and decaying, creating gases which cause pressure on the lungs and heart, short breath and general discomfort and irritation.

Such half digested food is indeed poor nourishment for the body, brain and nerves and the result is shown in irritable tempers, unaccountable headaches and that depressing condition usually called the "blues" but how quickly all these disappear when appetite and digestion are restored.

Laxative medicines only irritate the already irritated stomach and bowels and have no effect upon actual digestion of food.

The sensible course to follow is to make use of simple natural digestive like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals until the stomach has a change to recuperate.

The natural digestives which every healthy stomach contains are pepsines, diastase and Hydrochloric and lactic acids and when any of them are lacking the trouble begins. The reason Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are so valuable and successful in curing stomach troubles is because they contain, in a pleasant concentrated tablet form all these absolutely necessary essentials for perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

Henry Kirkpatrick, of Lawrence, Mass., says: "Men and women whose occupation precludes an active out door life should make it a daily practice to use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals. I have done so myself and I know positively that I owe my present health and vigor to their daily use."

"From the time I was 22 when I graduated from school with broken health from overwork, until I was 31, I scarcely knew what it was to be free from stomach weakness. I had no appetite whatever for breakfast and very little for any other meal."

"I had acidity and heartburn nearly every day and sometimes was alarmed by irregularity and palpitation of the heart, but all this gradually disappeared after I began using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and I can eat my meals with relish and satisfaction which I had not known since I was a growing boy."

The success and popularity of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is enormous, but it is deserved, and every druggist in the United States, Canada and Great Britain has a good word for this meritorious preparation.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION!

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Allen County, }

To the Qualified Voters of Allen County, Ohio:

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In pursuance of such requisition, I, E. A. Bogart, sheriff of Allen county, Ohio, do hereby proclaim and make known that the

First Tuesday after the First Monday, being the 5th Day of November, 1901.

HAVE YOU SEEN

BLUEM'S

STYLISH WALKING SUITS?

Made just like this picture, in brown and gray at

\$10.00.

Good shades of navy blue at

\$11.50.

"It's a Winner."

SIZES 32 to 42 FOR WOMEN.
SIZE 14, 16, 18 FOR MISSES.

G. E. BLUEM,

55-57 Public Square.

is, by the Constitution of Ohio, and the Statutes, appointed the day on which the qualified electors of Allen county, Ohio, shall meet in the respective townships, precincts and wards, at their usual or proper places of holding elections, between the hours of 5:30 o'clock in the forenoon and 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon (central standard time), and proceed to vote by ballot for:

One person for governor of the state of Ohio.

One person for lieutenant governor of the state of Ohio.

One person for clerk of the Supreme Court of the state of Ohio.

One person for attorney general of the state of Ohio.

One person for member of board of public works of the state of Ohio.

One person for judge of the Supreme Court of the state of Ohio.

One person for state treasurer of the state of Ohio.

One person for judge of the Court of Common Pleas, in the First Sub-division of the Third Judicial District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Allen, Auglaize, Mercer, Shelby and Van Wert.

Two persons for state senators for the Thirty-Second Senatorial District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Allen, Auglaize, Defiance, Mercer, Paulding, Van Wert and Williams.

One person for representative from Allen county in the General Assembly of Ohio.

One person for sheriff of Allen county, Ohio.

One person for treasurer of Allen county, Ohio.

One person for county commissioner of Allen county, Ohio.

One person for coroner of Allen county, Ohio.

One person for infirmity director of Allen county, Ohio.

Given under my hand and seal at the sheriff's office in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, this first day of October, Anno Domini, One Thousand, Nine Hundred and One.

[Seal] E. A. BOGART,

Sheriff Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, October 1st, 1901.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Notice is hereby given, that application for the pardon of Albert Wade, convicted of the crime of horse stealing, on the 15th, day of October, 1900, in the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Ohio, and sentenced to a term of three years in the Ohio Penitentiary, will be made to the State Board of Pardons of said State, at its next meeting.

ALBERT WADE.

3wks-Tues



FOR WEAK MEN AND WOMEN

This remedy has been in use by the Turke and Hindu princes for centuries and was recently brought to this country by one of our most famous physicians. It is stronger than any other medicine known and the effects can be felt from the very first dose.

We are so absolutely certain of a cure in every case that a written guarantee on the following diseases is given with each purchase of six boxes at one time, paying \$5.00; to refund money paid if not cured in 30 days.

Headache, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Wakefulness, Night Sweats, Evil Dreams, Loss of Confidence, Impotency, Loss of Power, All Wasting Diseases, Fits, Insanity, Varicose Veins, Strangury, Gout, and all effects of Self Abuse or Excess.

Price, \$1.00 or six boxes for \$5.00. Sent prepaid by mail on receipt of price.

RANKIN DRUG CO.

Brown Bros. Bldg. CHICAGO, ILL.

T. N. CUNNINGHAM, 136 N. Main St.

Lima, Ohio.

PATENTS

Thos. S. Sprague & Son

ESTABLISHED 1868.

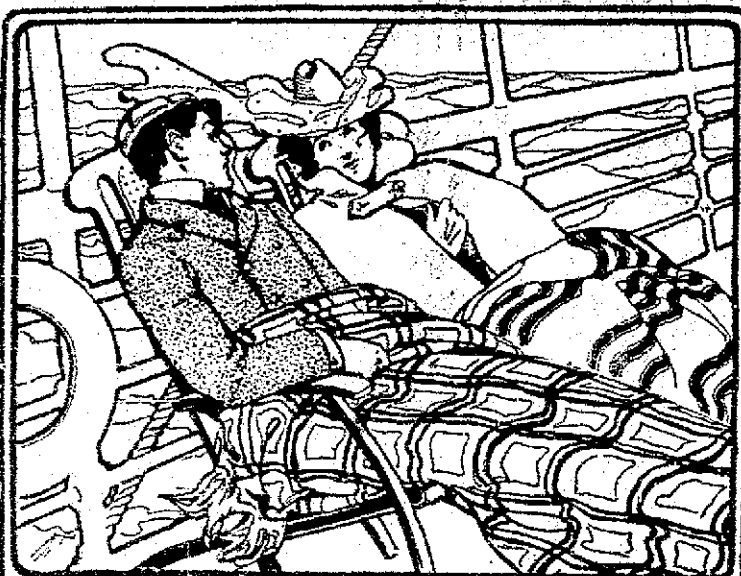
Toledo, Ohio; 735 Sprague Bldg.

Gettysburg, Pa.; 111 W. 1st St.

Savannah, Ga.; 111 W. 1st St.

WANTED SALESMEN

To sell a Choice Line of



TWO VALUES.

HERE are two values to every purchase—what it costs and what it pays you. Cork costs 8 cents a pound, but if you are drowning half a mile from shore, its value would be "not what you pay for cork, but what cork saves you." When a woman buys soaps she often confuses the two values. She sees only what she pays. She overlooks what she receives. Now a single cake of Ivory Soap pays back from ten to twenty times its cost in the saving it effects. Test it yourself! Vegetable Oil Soap. Ivory white. It floats!

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Published Every Evening, (Except Sunday), and Semi Weekly, in the Times Building, 221 North Main Street, by

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor.

JAMES KILBOURNE,
of Franklin County.

For Lieutenant Governor.

ANTHONY HOWELLS,
of Stark County.

For Clerk of Supreme Court.

HARRY YOUNG,
of Cuyahoga County.

For Attorney General.

M. B. McCarthy,
of Lucas County.

For Member Board Public Works.

JAMES G. HOLMAN,
of Brown County.

For Judge of Supreme Court.

JOSEPH HIDE,
of Fayette County.

For State Treasurer.

R. P. ALESHIRE,
of Gallia County.

For Judge of Common Pleas Court.

HUGH T. MATHERS,
of Shelby County.

For State Senators.

STEPHEN D. CRITES,
of Allen County.

WM. E. DECKER,
of Paulding County.

For Representative.

JOHN W. MANGES.

For Sheriff.

EUGENE J. BARR.

For Treasurer.

JAMES W. GENSEL.

For County Commissioner.

ALBERT HEFFNER.

For Coroner.

DR. ANDREW BICE.

For Infirmary Director.

W. E. GRUBB.

The Republican campaign in Ohio this year is being carried on this year on a boodle basis and a perfect ocean of money is being poured into every

precinct in the state for the purpose of procuring the election of Nash and his colleagues on the Republican ticket. The means adopted by the state committee to procure funds are most extraordinary. A circular has been sent out to federal officers in every state in the union and each is asked to contribute to the Ohio campaign. The following is a form of circular which has been sent out. The copy attached below was sent to a federal letter carrier in the state of Missouri and he has sent in his contribution to the Ohio state committee to help debauch the voters of this state:

Two years ago the finance committee of the Ohio Republican state executive committee prepared and mailed a circular letter, calling attention to the importance of the state campaign that year and stating that voluntary contributions for the legitimate expenses of the state committee would be very gladly received. These letters were mailed to all leading Republicans throughout the country. Because some of the letters were delivered to federal officers within the government buildings where they were employed, over zealous friends of the civil service law contended that the law had been thereby violated and brought the matter to the attention of the federal grand jury. The law on this subject forbids soliciting campaign contributions from any officer or employee of the United States in any room or building occupied by him in the discharge of his official duties, but the grand jury very sensibly concluded that it was no violation of this law to address a letter to a postmaster, or to any federal officer in a government building merely for the purpose of informing him he might contribute to the campaign fund if he so desired. Not only was this letter so carefully worded as to clearly come within the letter and spirit of the law, but extracts from the law and regulations, including everything contained therein bearing on the subject, were also enclosed in every letter so mailed.

A reporter of the State Journal interviewed Mr. W. F. Burdell, who is still treasurer of the finance committee, at his office in the Board of Trade building, this city, and asked him if his committee proposed to send out a similar circular letter this year.

Mr. Burdell replied that he had noticed a good deal of discussion outside of the committee as to what the committee would do in the matter, but the finance committee felt it ought to decide the question for itself. "While the circular letter sent out two years ago," said Mr. Burdell, "was clearly not a violation of the law, and that fact was made plain by the extracts from the law which accompanied the letter, yet the committee was subjected to a great deal of criticism on account of such action and considerable annoyance resulted. While the campaign this year is just as important as was the one of two years ago, and Democratic victory this year would be just as disastrous to the country and just as great a menace to our present prosperity, and the expense of running the campaign this year will be just as large as was the expense two years ago, it has been decided not to send out such a circular this year. We believe that Republicans throughout the country realize the importance of this year's campaign in Ohio. A Democratic victory here would be in the light of a rebuke to the national and state administrations, and would seem to foreshadow the election of a Democratic house of representatives next year. It would mean that this state would be rededicated to the number of Democratic congressmen from Ohio largely increased. Realizing the importance of this year's campaign, we feel sure the Republicans all over the country will

gladly render their assistance without waiting for the formality of a letter from our committee. It is only necessary they should know that we will be glad of their help."

Don't forget the Buffalo Minstrels tomorrow night.

FIRE

Breaks Out in the Central Part of the City.

Building at the Rear of the City Building Badly Burned This Morning.

Much excitement was occasioned this morning shortly after 11 o'clock through the discovery of flames issuing from a shed in rear of the Mitchell block and just south of the city building. Several colored families live in an old house not many feet away, and their cries of "fire!" brought the storekeepers and customers to the scene of the conflagration. Someone had lighted a pile of papers too near the shed, which was filled with barrels, boxes and a large quantity of straw belonging to the Racket store. The torn up condition of High street and Cherry alley gave the department some inconvenience but the fire was controlled and the colored settlement pacified in a short time. Will Woolery distinguished himself in his efforts in trying to save the burning shed.

Townsend's wholesales oysters.

Don't forget the Buffalo Minstrels tomorrow night.

WILLIAM BONELLI.

Who is now in his second season's successful starring tour in An American Gentleman, a play written by himself, will be seen at the Faurot opera house tonight. The play has been meeting with success everywhere. The part Mr. Bonelli plays affords him incidentally an opportunity to display his physical powers. His measurements are as follows: Biceps 18 inches, forearm 15 inches, chest 46 inches, waist only 29 inches. Mr. Bonelli has lifted 1,400 pounds and raised 220 pounds with one arm above his head. Mr. Bonelli has a wager of \$5,000 to swim the rapids at Niagara Falls. He will make this attempt when he plays Buffalo with An American Gentleman at an early date. Don't miss the opportunity of seeing this great athlete.

Townsend's wholesales oysters.

"BRITISH BLUNDER."

Winston Churchill's Designation of the South African War.

Winston Churchill delivered a remarkable speech at Leicester, says the London correspondent of the New York Tribune, in which he handled the war office without gloves. He devoted his remarks almost entirely to the war and denounced the government's muddling policy in scathing terms.

The war, he declared, had become an unmitigated nuisance and a blunder, and he wanted the government to intervene in South Africa in order to localize, delimit and assign Lord Kitchener's functions, so that he might be relieved of the multiplicity of duties he is unable to perform efficiently.

The audience was delighted and enthusiastic with the speech, in which Churchill showed much of his father's talent.

The first move in the direction of a settlement of the Transvaal dynamite question has been made. The company, which is a German concern, is to supply explosives at 30 shillings per case, considerably under the figure ruling before the war, on a basis of the rate of consumption of explosives by the Rand mines prior to the outbreak of hostilities. This would mean a saving of about \$2,250,000 a year.

A Former Ohian, Hartford City, Ind., Oct. 31.—It is not believed here that H. J. Grady, a prominent business man of this city, whose body was found in the harbor at Racine, Wis., committed suicide. He was a passenger on board the steamer from Chicago to Milwaukee, and the supposition is that he fell or jumped overboard into the harbor. His watch, money and papers were on his person when found. He was on his way from Chicago with a view of closing a deal for some Ohio oil lands. Mr. Grady came here from Wilmington, O., where he had been mayor of the city and at one time auditor of the county.

American Coal in France. Washington, Oct. 31.—Consul General Skinner, at Marseilles, under date of Oct. 4, informs the state department of the ever-increasing success of American coal in the French market. During the first half of 1900, says Mr. Skinner, 457,752 tons of English coal arrived at Marseilles, as against 7,739 of American; from January to July of this year, however, the figures stood at 383,304 tons English and 97,822 tons American. The only disquieting element in this trade, Mr. Skinner says, is the necessity of employing foreign shipping for the transportation of American coal.

POLICE

Doings During the Past Twelve Hours.

Several Suspicious Characters Arrested.

A Man With a Liking for Sweet Potatoes Swiped a Bunch from J. S. Smith's Grocery.

John Slusser and Frankie Sealts had another fight to the finish last night and were arrested by officer Armstrong at about 10 o'clock. Slusser was badly used up at the end of the fracas, having received several jolts in various parts of his anatomy from the many bricks, bottles, etc., which filled the air. A warrant was filed before Justice Duffield this morning, charging Slusser with being drunk and disorderly but later, somebody in the mix-up repented, forgave and withdrew the charges.

He Liked Potatoes.

A man with a noticeable German accent was arrested by officer Armstrong this morning. The German was passing the Smith grocery when he espied some sweet potatoes and proceeded to fill his pockets. Mr. Smith naturally demanded settlement. This seemed to insult the German who was even more injured in feelings when arrested. He had been drinking and would not give his name to the police.

All Suspicious.

Officers Grant and Fensemaker arrested John Kilfoyle, Frank Bradley, Thomas Garrett, Frank Williams, Joe Conner and Chas. Scott shortly before daylight today. The characters were looking around the depots and were locked up on suspicion. All were released this morning.

PERSONAL.

Las Mujcis will entertain their husbands at the home of Mrs. H. Deisel, this evening at 7 o'clock sharp.

Mrs. J. J. Ewing, of west Market street, is home from a visit with relatives at Oklahoma.

A number of Lima young people go to Wapakoneta to the Twentieth Century club dance this evening.

Captain A. W. Stiles and wife, superintendent and matron of the State Industrial School for Girls at Delaware, O., are in attendance at the conference of Associated Charities, and are the guests of C. H. Hollister, 557 west Spring street, who is a cousin of Capt. Stiles.

J. H. Louy returned this morning from Defiance.

Don't forget the Buffalo Minstrels tomorrow night.

TOWNSEND'S FISH.

White, Trout,
Boneless Herring,
Catfish, Pickerel,
Oysters.

LIMA CHAPTER NO. 49, R. A. M.

Stated convocation tomorrow (Friday) evening. Work on Mark Master degree. W. J. SHEPHERD, H. P.

WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.

F-1-s-h at Townsend's.

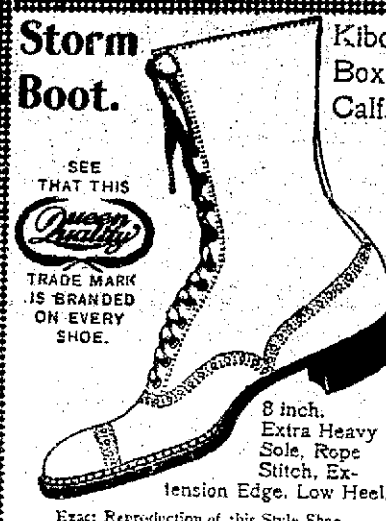
I See!

Marion Morris, the water well driller has got a

Star Drilling Machine

For deep and shallow wells. From 4 to 8 inch holes.

147 SOUTH MAIN ST.
LIMA, OHIO.



Queen Quality SHOES

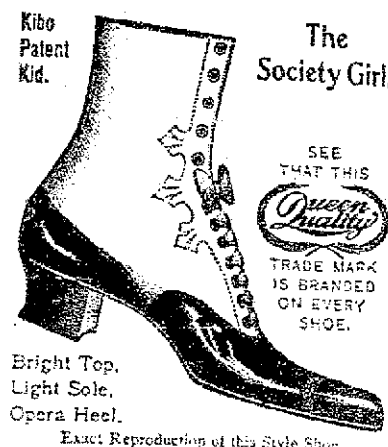
FOR WOMEN. BETTER THAN EVER.

Price \$3.00.

ONLY FOUND IN LIMA AT

GOODING'S,

230 NORTH MAIN ST.



CARROLL & COONEY.

CARROLL & COONEY.

Bargains in Waists.

The most stylish French Accordion Plaited Ladies' Waists, made of the fine heavy cloths, regular \$5.00,

Sale Price \$3.75.

Raglans and Newmarkets

Continue to be the Rage. Don't delay your selection as you limit yourself.

Prices \$12, \$15, \$18 and \$22.

Ladies' Jackets.

The finest \$15.00 Ladies' Jacket in Lima in all colors.

\$10.00.

CARROLL & COONEY.

Faurot Opera House

Saturday Evening, Nov. 2nd.

FRANK KEENAN

AND HIS OWN COMPANY IN

HON. JOHN GRIGSBY.

BY CHARLES KLEIN.

"THE GREATEST AMERICAN PLAY".

"ILLINOIS IN '49".

A Complete Production.

Scenery by Unitt. Costumes by Dazian. Properties by Seidle.

PRICES:—Boxes and 1st 3 Rows Orchestra \$1.00. Balance Orchestra 75c. Parquet 50c. Balcony 50c. Gallery 25c. Sale Opens Friday 9 a. m.

This is the
"IDEAL"
"JEWEL"
Hard Coal
STOVE.
Best on earth. 3 tons
of coal will run it.
Four sizes.

\$25.00, \$30.00, \$32.50, \$35.00.

THE NEWSON-BOND CO.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Thursday, October 31st

First Time of the Big Success,
WILLIAM BONELLI,
in this Sensational Success,

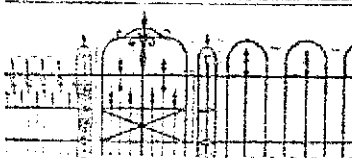
"An American Gentleman"

Assisted by
ROSE STAHL
and carefully selected company.

NEW SCENIC SITUATIONS
STARTLING CLIMAXES

A Play for the People.

Prices - 25c, 50c and 75c.
Sale Opens Wednesday.



IRON FENCING.

We have Iron and Wire Fencing for all
purposes, black posts, wire guards,
railings, etc.

W. ROCKY.

Room 2 (over Bonelli's store)
Commercial Block, LIMA, O.

WANTED.

WANTED—Porter at the New Hoff-
man house, corner Wayne and Main
streets.

FOR SALE—Shady Side Dairy route
and outfit with or without stock.
Price moderate and terms easy. One
of the best paying institutions in
this city. Inquire of G. L. Breese,
residence, one mile west of chil-
dren's home. Bell phone.

GIRL WANTED—For general house
work. Apply to Mrs. W. J. Ritchie,
218 north Washington street. 15-17

WANTED—Man to do janitor work
at Elmer's. Inquire at store. 4-21

WANTED—Men with rig to introduce
Monarch Poultry Mixture; \$20.00
weekly and expenses; year's con-
tract; weekly pay. Address with
stamp. Monarch Mfg. Co., box 993,
Springfield, Illinois. 4-31

FOR SALE—SHOW CASES—5 ten-
foot show cases, as good as new.
Michael's.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room,
513 north Jackson street. 1-17

WANTED—Freight car repairers.
Piece-work prices; steady employ-
ment; work done under cover. No
labor troubles. The Illinois Car
Equipment Co., Urbana, Ohio. 1-51

FOR RENT—The residence of W. H.
Leete, 129 north Baxter street;
modern, hot water heat and electric
light. Possession Nov. 15. 9-17

FOR SALE—Good 5 year old pacer;
gentle; call at 1007 Forest Ave. 93-17

LOAN—A valuable brooch somewhere
on west Market street, between
Third M. E. church and McDonnell
street. Finder will please return to
H. V. Chase, secretary of Y. M. C. A.,
and receive a liberal reward. 12-17

WANTED—A girl, 14 to 16 years old,
to assist at house work, small fam-
ily. Apply at No. 216 west Wayne
street.

LAST

Day of the Big Con-
ference.

A Big Success

Has Been the Meeting
in Lima

And the Good Effect Will be
a Benefit to This
City.

Hon. Sam Jones, Mayor of Toledo,
Will Deliver an Address on an
Important Subject This
Evening.

The number of visiting delegates
has increased to such a number, and
the attendance has grown so large at
the meetings of the conference of
Charities and Correction that the ses-
sion this morning was changed from
the Y. M. C. A. to the Congregational
church that all might be accommodat-
ed.

The early part of the meeting was
given over to miscellaneous business
and reports of standing committees.
After which several interesting papers
were read and discussions listened to.
The session this afternoon is noted as
the infirmary section, all of the most
important branches that the confer-
ence has to deal with. Dr. G. A.
Doren, superintendent of the institu-
tion for Feeble Minded Youth at Co-
lumbus in the city, and will meet
with the Allen county infirmary
officials to discuss the proper means
to employ for the care of adult
idiots, and to what extent they can be
removed from infirmaries.

Other papers were prepared by Dr.
A. E. Griffin, infirmary physician at
the Franklin county infirmary; Otis
K. Ellis, superintendent of the same in-
stitution; L. J. Bonar, of Mansfield;
J. W. Walton, secretary of the Cleve-
land Associated Charities and R. H.
Hume of Springfield.

The conference closes with tonight's
session which will treat of the criminal
and two addresses will be deliver-
ed. J. A. Leonard, superintendent of
the Ohio State Reformatory will talk
on "Modern Treatment of the Criminal"
and Hon. Sam Jones, mayor of
Toledo, on "What is Crime and Who
are Criminals."

A fine address was delivered by
Hon. T. D. Hurley, chief probation
officer of Chicago, on "Juvenile
Courts," a matter in which the entire
country is interested. The subject is
one that the present conference is
treating particularly and the views of
Mr. Hurley were listened to with con-
siderable interest on that account. His
address was as follows:

We are living in an age that de-
mands results; something must be ac-
complished; something must be ac-
complished to answer that one has
been occupied all day, or all week.
The query is: What have you accom-
plished? This idea permeates the en-
tire fabric of life at the present time.

All classes of people, social, politi-
cal, commercial, educational, etc.,
are governed by this idea. The chari-
table people living in Illinois, espe-
cially that portion of them interested
in child-saving, a few years ago,
prompted by the thoughts and idea
of results, began a course of investi-
gation to ascertain the real condition
of affairs, not only in Illinois, but
throughout the country in reference to
this great question of child-saving.
They found thousands of children
needing care and discipline. They
found many worthy societies, institu-
tions, and individuals interested
themselves in behalf of these children,
but the results accomplished by these
child-saving agencies were not satis-
factory. Our jails are being filled
annually by young men and young
women; our penitentiaries over-
crowded by the same class, and in-
stead of conditions becoming better,
they were worse, or at least not be-
ing improved.

After a complete canvass of the
situation the nineteenth century
thought and idea was applied as a
remedy, viz., concentration, co-opera-
tion, utilization of the forces. It be-
came apparent at once that one cen-
tralizing agency should be created,
hence the establishment of a juvenile
court. Following out these ideas a
law was passed by the Illinois legisla-
ture, which became effective July 1st,
1899, and known as an act to regulate
the treatment and control of depend-
ent, neglected and delinquent chil-
dren.

The law applies to all children un-
der the age of sixteen years. The

children are divided into two classes,
neglected or dependent, and de-
linquent. The law defines depend-
ent and neglected children as follows:
"Any child, who, for any reason, is de-
stitute or homeless or abandoned; or
dependent upon the public for support,
or has not proper parental care or
guardianship, or who habitually begs
or receives alms; or who is found liv-
ing in any house of ill-fame, or with
any vicious or disreputable persons;
or whose home, by reason of neglect,
cruelty or depravity on the part of
parents, guardian or other persons in
whose care it may be is an unfit place
for such a child, and any child under
the age of ten years who is found beg-
ging, peddling or selling any article
or singing or playing any musical in-
strument upon the street, or giving
any public entertainment, or who ac-
companies, or is used in aid of any
person so doing." And "delinquent
children includes any child under the
age of sixteen years, who violates any
law of this state or any city, or village
ordinance; or who is incorrigible; or
who knowingly associates with thieves
or vicious or immoral persons; or who
is growing up in idleness or crime; or
who knowingly frequents a house of
ill-fame; or who knowingly patronizes
any policy shop or place where any
gambling device is, or shall be oper-
ated."

The Circuit Court, having original
inherent, and unlimited jurisdiction,
was selected as the Court to hear such
cases. In counties having over five
hundred thousand population the
judges of the Circuit Court shall se-
lect one or others of their number to
preside in this branch of the Court.
A special Court room is to be designat-
ed as a Juvenile Court Room where
all cases coming under the act shall
be heard, and the Court, for conveni-
ence, shall be called the "Juvenile
Court."

The County Court is also given ju-
risdiction in counties where there is
no juvenile court.

The thought and idea in the minds
of the framers of the law was not to
create a new court with limited ju-
risdiction, but simply to utilize exist-
ing courts, and the most important
courts with the broadest powers was
selected.

Any reputable person, being a resi-
dent of the county, having knowledge
of any children who either appear
neglected, dependent, or delinquent,
may file a petition with the Clerk of
the Court setting forth the facts. Up-
on the filing of the petition a summons
or notice is issued to the parents or
guardian of the children to appear at
a certain time before the court with
the child, when the case will be heard.

The question before the court, in
each case is not crime, not punish-
ment, not reformation, but what are
the conditions surrounding the child?
Are they such as to injure his present
or future welfare? The Court in all
cases acts as a kind, solicitors par-
ent would act towards his own child-
ren. Should the child be found de-
pendent, and this dependency may be
the result of various causes, first
death of one or both parents, second—
the depravity or criminality of par-
ents, and third—the abandonment and
neglect of parents—the Court may
commit the child to any institution
provided by the public authorities, or
may place the child in the care of any
relative, or in the custody of any as-
sociation organized for the purpose of
finding homes for such children.

Under the Illinois law the dependent
children are amply provided for so far
as legislative enactments are concern-
ed. The principle and great feature of
the Juvenile Court law pertains to de-
linquent children. The real distinc-
tion between the dependent and de-
linquent is that the dependent is in
want of the necessities, food, clothing,
education etc., of life, while the de-
linquent in most cases has all his wants
supplied but lacks that necessary dis-
cipline and government that should be
exercised over every child.

The delinquent child in some man-
ner offends against the law or ordi-
nances of State or city. Many of
these offenses are not crimes but are
simply the result of the physical ex-
uberance of the small boy deprived of
the natural and healthy outlet for this
activity which those in better circum-
stances are better able to provide for
their children. Many of these acts, if
not checked, will lead to crime.

Before the enactment of the Juve-
nile Court law the child was charged,
in the language of the law, with hav-
ing committed some act which
amounted to a violation of the law,
and the severity of the criminal law
was applied to the case. By the en-
actment of the Juvenile Court Law,
the legislature provides in so many
words that children under the age of
sixteen years, shall not be called
criminals, and furnishes adequate
power by which the court may stop
the wayward tendencies and unfor-
tunate trend of bad conduct.

JUBILEE

At St. Rose Church is
Ended.

Closing Sermon Preached
Last Night

By Rev. James P. McCloskey, of
Fremont, Whose Eloquence In-
spired a Large and Atten-
tive Congregation.

The closing sermon of the jubilee
which was preached at St. Rose
church last night by Rev. James P.
McCloskey, of Fremont, was a master-
piece of oratory. He preached from
the text "If you ask the Father any-
thing in my name He will give it to
you." Father McCloskey laid particu-
lar stress upon the necessity of prayer,
and upon the conditions one must
have in order that their prayers may
be heard.

He said that prayer must be from
the heart, that it only from the lips,
while the heart is designing some evil
to a neighbor or is occupied with busi-
ness affairs, they ascend as abomina-
tions before God and are only a
mockery. The Rev. speaker urged
his hearers to be persistent in their
petitions to their creator, quoting the
case of St. Monica from the new
testament, who prayed without dis-
couragement for fifteen years for the
conversion of her wayward son
Augustine, when her petition was
granted and today St. Monica and St.
Augustine occupy the exalted place
with the great army of saints on
high who daily sing praises to the
great God of the universe.

The large congregation present
listened attentively throughout Father
McCloskey's eloquent sermon which
will no doubt have its good effect
upon many of those present. Rev. F.
L. Hutken, of Kirby, Ohio, was also
present and assisted the local pastors
and Father McCloskey in the other
exercises of the jubilee.

A cake dress on a woman with
sparkling ambition, laughing eyes,
cheeks carmined with nature's ver-
million is a beautiful being. Such
come to all who use Rocky Mountain
Tea. Ask your druggist.

THE IDLER.

At the Point of Death.

Louis Kepler, the popular propie-
tor of the New Opera on east High
street, was called to Anna this morn-
ing by a telegram announcing the so-
lous illness of his father. Mr. Kep-
ler, who is 68 years of age has been on
the decline for several months and the
end does not seem to be far off.

Pushing it Through.

The contractors are pushing the
work on the paving of High street with
all possible speed and the square be-
tween Main and Elizabeth is begin-
ning to take on a finished appearance.
The fire department has been put to
great inconvenience, but the blings
have not been very frequent fortun-
ately.

Will See the Runners.

Mr. Dies, of the firm of Dies & Tib-
bals, the soft drink manufacturers,
went to Cincinnati this morning on a
one day's trip that combines business
with pleasure. He will attend the
races at Latonia this afternoon.

The Last Rehearsal.

All who have a part in the Buffalo
minstrels are requested to be at the
hall for rehearsal promptly at 8:30
this evening without fail.

Feast of All Saints.

Tomorrow the feast of all saints is
kept holy by Catholics throughout the
world. Masses will be celebrated at
St. Rose church at 5 and 9 o'clock a.
m. Holy communion will be given at
5 and 7 o'clock.

Surprised by Friends.

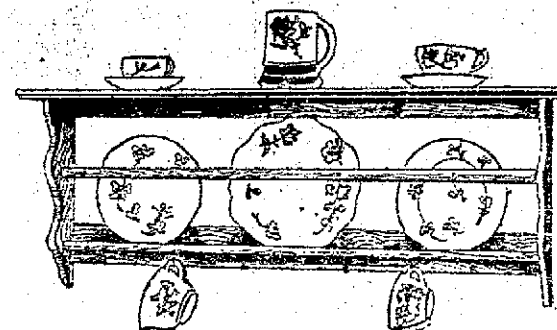
Edward Yost, foreman at the Delsel-
Wemmer cigar factory, was tendered
a surprise party on Tuesday evening
at his home on north Main street, the
occasion being the 29th anniversary
of his birth. The usual festivities
tending upon such occasions were in-
dulged in until a late hour when a
delicious luncheon was served.

Pleasant Dinner Party.

Mrs. W. D. Carpenter, of north
Pierce street gave a delightfully ap-
pointed dinner Wednesday for a num-
ber of her friends in honor of Mrs. J.
C. Ross' guest, Mrs. C. L. Lamson, of
Toledo.

There's a lot of girls who have rep-
utations as beauties. Their loveliness
is caused by good health, brought
about by taking Rocky Mountain Tea
made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c.
Ask your druggist.

THE GREATEST SPECIAL



We place on sale a limited lot of PLATE
and CUP AND SAUCER RACKS, exactly like
the above cut, large enough to hold 6 Plates
and 6 Cups and Saucers, beautifully finished
in either Flemish or Golden Oak, at the un-
heard of price of

79 CENTS.

They won't last long. Our north show
window has a display of them.

They are Sold
Only for Cash

And at the price we Cannot Deliver Them.
Come in and carry one away or you won't get
it and you'll be sorry.

F. E. Harman,

213-215 NORTH MAIN ST.

Better Values in
Umbrellas
Than Ever
Shown Before.

Men's and Women's Umbrellas of better silks and
nicer handles, and finished better than you've
ever seen them at \$4.98, \$3.98, \$3.50, \$2.98 and
\$2.50. We deal only with the best makers, which
is a guarantee that any Umbrella in our stock is
to be depended upon.

Women's Pure Silk Umbrellas, in black and all colors, with neat
princess wood handles, at \$1.98; that are extraordinary values.

Men's and Women's Silk Mixed Umbrellas, in a variety of pretty
handles that are usually seen only on goods of high cost, here at
\$1.48 and \$1.38.

For this week we sell a splendid 26-inch Fast Black Umbrella
with steel rod, embellished with handles of long Pearl and metal
combination—A big leader at 89c.

Feldmann & Co.

209-211 NORTH MAIN ST.

New Walking Skirts
Just Arrived.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

Mrs. W. Childs-Blackburn Tells How She Was Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I take pleasure in acknowledging the effects of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. In my estimation there is no female remedy to equal it. Weakness not properly attended to, together



MISS W. CHILDS-BLACKBURN, Secretary Rock Island Literary and Art Society.

With the close confinement at my desk brought on nervous prostration, so much so that for a year I doctored continually. I tried different remedies which only succeeded in poisoning my system, and my stomach refused food. A neighbor who had suffered with ovarian troubles and was perfectly cured, called my attention to your Vegetable Compound, and I made up my mind to give it a two months' fair trial. However, before one month had passed I was like a new woman, and after six weeks faithful use of the Compound I was in perfect health. It certainly is of great benefit to women, and I wish every poor suffering woman could have a chance to try it. Yours very truly, Mrs. W. Childs-Blackburn, 2922 Fifth Ave., Rock Island, Ill.—\$5000 forfeit if about testimonial is not genuine.

Nothing will relieve this distressing condition so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound. Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

HOME SEEKERS' LOW EXCURSION RATES, VIA OHIO CENTRAL LINES.

Low Rate Round Trip Home-seekers' Excursion Tickets will be on sale at all important ticket offices on the Ohio Central Lines on the first and third Tuesdays in November and December, 1901, to points in the West-Southwest and South.

These tickets will be good for return passage within twenty-one (21) days from date of sale, except that lines south of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi River permit return journey to be commenced on Tuesdays and Fridays only. Stopovers in Home-Seekers' Excursion territory will be granted on going trip within going limit of fifteen days.

For full particulars as to Special Low Rates, Routes, etc., call on agents of Ohio Central Lines, or address John Moore, T. P. A., Findlay, O. D. J. Carro, Pass. Agt., Toledo, O. W. A. Peters, Pass. Agt., Columbus, O. E. E. Heiner, Pass. Agt., Charleston, W. Va.

A Typical South African Store.

O. R. Lawson, of Bay Villa, Sundays River, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of South Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the produce of the nearest railway station and about twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Lawson says: "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, to many of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

HUNTERS' RATES TO UPPER MICHIGAN AND WISCONSIN.

The C. H. & D. Ry. will place in effect special rates to upper Michigan and Wisconsin points for hunters. Tickets will be on sale October 15th, to November 15th, good for return until December 5th. For detailed information inquire of C. H. & D. agents or D. G. Edwards, P. T. M., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Quinine for Colds.

Many people who use quinine for the cure of colds say that the effect of this drug is more disagreeable than the disease. Krause's Cold Cure is prepared in a convenient capsule form, and will cure the most deeply seated cold in 24 hours without any interruption to business. They are pleasant to take and give you a clear, fresh sensation while operating. Price 25c. Sold by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Some people seem to think trade is too vulgar that they don't even pay their bills.

The cornet player may not be condescended, but he certainly blows his own horn.

BOER DETENTION CAMPS

An American Newspaper Correspondent Describes Them.

SCENES ARE VERY PATHETIC.

Women and Children, He Says, Die of Starvation and "Broken Heart." Insufficient Rations, He Declares, Are Furnished—Boer Women Bitter and Defiant Toward England.

The Pretoria correspondent of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch has been making a tour of British detention camps for Boer women and children at Irene, Potescheffstroom and Bloemfontein, all of which, he declares, were found to be great hospitals with cemetery annexes.

But there is no hospital in the world where, outside of the time of great epidemics, so many patients die. The hospital so called at Bloemfontein, for instance, is now yielding eight to ten corpses a day. At Potescheffstroom 240 mothers and little ones were carried out last month, while Irene saw its population of imprisoned women lessened by 137. The official records show the prevalence of the usual hospital and prison diseases—typhoid, measles, malaria, infantile sickness—but they show more. In a good many cases starvation or "broken heart" are named as the cause of death.

Your correspondent saw no cases of actual starvation; the British subalterns who conducted him through the various camps spared him that awful sight, but whether at Pretoria, Bloemfontein or Potescheffstroom he was always followed by crying children, who quickly devoured the small supply of biscuits, bread and preserves he had to give. As to the older women and grown girls, they sat silently, defiantly, their hands wrapped in aprons as if afraid that, despite their high sense of dignity and honor, they might stretch them forth in supplication.

The women and children at Irene are the worst off, says the correspondent. There hunger stalks abroad in open daylight, and the people are so weakened by long continued lack of the necessities of life as to fall like flies before changes of temperature and incidental illnesses that under ordinary circumstances they wouldn't mind at all. The matrons and girls are sallow faced and haggard, the children listless or whimpering, all their labor sturdiness and boldness gone.

Slow starvation is mostly responsible for the state of exhaustion and weakness that particularly prevails among old ladies and young girls just blossoming into womanhood. The fate of the latter is particularly hard. Try as they may, they cannot get food enough to acquire sufficient strength for outliving the most critical period of their lives. Some mothers told me there was a movement on foot to make a personal appeal to King Edward, but the girls refused to sign the petition. They have been told that King Edward was never known to do anything for a good woman. "What chances would we have with him?" they say. "Besides, Joe Chamberlain would certainly intercept our petition."

Another frequent cause of death and disease among the captive women and children is officially styled "broken heart."

"Remember," said one of the stricken ladies at Pretoria to the correspondent, "remember that we people, reduced to beggary—nay, actual, bitter want—by British twentieth century warfare, were for the most part well to do, living on our own farms, in the midst of plenty, having servants, horses, cattle, everything in abundance for making life happy. Remember, too, that all we possessed was gained by our fathers' and our own sweat. Ah, we Boer women worked hard, terribly hard, for what we called our own, and to lose it at one stroke by an act of wanton, unprecedented and utterly useless barbarism is certainly enough to unsettle one's mind and drive one to melancholy. Most of the older women here, the mothers especially, suffer as much from grief over their loss as from hunger and on account of the death or absence of their loved ones."

The women didn't complain of Tommy Atkins in particular, except to say that he had no more conscience or humanity than a machine. "If ordered to burn a house or furniture or kill cattle, he will do it, no less, no more. If ordered to slay women and children, he will do that, too, no less, no more." said one of the female captives. "It's all the same to him, for discipline has robbed him of all reasoning power, of all qualities of heart. Today a butcher and yesterday, if Joe Chamberlain orders him tomorrow to be something else, better or worse, he will try to live up to that diktum also."

A horrible illustration of the above is the case of a young girl named Annie Bloem, whom your correspondent saw at Potescheffstroom camp. She is a beautiful creature, but hopelessly insane. For several months she has been repeating day and night this cry of agony, "Haal doch my na sit se verbrand" ("Let me go, mother is burning"). Saying this, she makes futile efforts to release herself from the straitjacket, cries, kicks, scratches and bites.

Here is her sad story: Annie hails from the Sterkstroom settlement (now wiped out) in the district of Rustenburg. The detachment of Tommies sent to burn her parents' farm had orders not to be unnecessarily cruel to the women, but to "jolly them along." They did. After driving all they could find into the farmyard a couple of them devoted themselves

paying mock court to Annie while the buildings were consumed by the flames. The girl's frantic efforts to get away and save her bedridden mother, lying in an upper chamber somewhat removed from the rest of the house, held, were in vain; the soldiers didn't or wouldn't understand her, and the more she begged to be released the more they laughed and fooled.

Thus Annie had to endure their coarse caresses during the horrible half hour when she knew that her mother was being slowly roasted to death almost within hailing distance of her. When at last the house fell and the charred bones were found, the Tommies were very sorry, but it was too late. Mother and daughter were dead—the one physically, the other mentally. The leader of the column afterwards said he thought Annie was trying to save some piece of furniture, clothes or jewelry. This being forbidden, he ordered her restrained.

The consensus of opinion among the captured women is to the effect that all their own sacrifices and the British losses as well as utterly useless and wasteful. "Joe Chamberlain hasn't yet begun to understand the character of our people," they say. "He thinks he can induce our husbands and brothers to lay down arms by making us, their wives and sisters, and our little girls and boys suffer by condemning us to slow death, but he is mistaken. The Boer loves his family and his home above everything else in the world. Homesickness is a hereditary disease with us. If the British had protected our homes instead of destroying them, 95 per cent of the combatants would have eventually given in because unable to withstand the attraction of the home and the loved ones they had left behind. Thus armed resistance would have become disorganized, and the British might have conquered after all. "But Joe Chamberlain, in his blind hatred, decided upon the Boer family destruction, and now the defeat of the British army is inevitable, for nothing is left to induce our men and brothers to submit. Their houses are burned, their loved ones scattered or dead. British promises? The Boers don't care a fig for them! No, our men will never throw off the harness of war to do that of captivity or slavery."

Tot Causes Night Alarm.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Snider, of Crittenden, Ky., "it seemed it would strangle before we could get doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's net Discovery, which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung troubles, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vortkamp.

Smallpox From Infected Sheepskins.

A patient in the Montreal General hospital is suffering from smallpox, says the Toronto Mail and Express. The patient is a man about forty-five years of age and has been employed as a dresser and sorter of hides and skins. He says that about two weeks ago the firm in whose employ he is received a large shipment of sheepskins, and since then he has been engaged in dressing them. About a week ago he felt a pin-prick on the back of his neck. The next day there were several other similar spots, which finally formed a large dark colored spot on the left side of the neck. The skin around the spot was greatly inflamed. Soon after this a rash appeared. Constitutional symptoms set in, and the patient became very weak. Under treatment the case has made remarkable progress for the better, and should nothing unforeseen occur the patient will make a rapid recovery. There can be no doubt that the source of infection in this case was the sheep hides, the animals during life being infected with the disease and their skins carrying the germs to Montreal.

A REVELATION

When One Goes For Months Without Getting a Good Night's Sleep, Release is Sweet.

Take away sound refreshing sleep and you rob nature of its most necessary requirement. Feeding and building up time, that's why so many people find their standard of strength wanting when they cannot sleep well, one symptom after another creeps in and serious ailments follow that is what makes so many feel and look older than they are. The perfecting of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills is a revelation to this kind. Mr. S. P. Kohn, of 214 Jackson street, Lima, Ohio, says: "The ability of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills to give quiet, steady nerves and restful sleep is most remarkable. I needed both these qualities and got a box of the medicine at Melville's drug store and used them with complete success, sleeping well and feeling strong and steady as a result of their use."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase M. D. are on every package.

A New Kansas Beverage.

"All hail" is the name of a new Kansas beverage made by a Kansas City brewer, says the Kansas City Journal, and the bar files are said to give a salute every time they are invited to take a drink.

FROLICS OF ROYALTY.

An Interesting Family Reunion Held at Fredensborg.

THE SPORT OF CZAR AND KING.

Monarchs of World's Great Empires Gather as Guests of Ruler of Denmark—Emperor William Was Not There—The Bases Don't Like Him.

There have been a good many kings and emperors around here lately, writes William E. Curtis from Danzig, Germany, to the Chicago Record-Herald. At Fredensborg castle, near Copenhagen, the children and grandchildren of the king of Denmark have been holding a family reunion and appear to have enjoyed their play spell as much as usual. We have read daily in the newspapers about King Edward VII. rushing around the country in his automobile with Queen Alexandra, the czarina dowager of Russia and other distinguished ladies, or the king of Greece, the grand duke of something or another for company, while the czar of Russia and his cousin, the Princess Victoria of England, and the Princess Maud of Denmark followed on their bicycles.

The other day his imperial majesty Nicholas II., accompanied by a party of princesses, took a spin of thirty miles on their wheels over the beautiful roads of Denmark. They stopped at a farmhouse and refreshed themselves with milk and at a roadside cafe tried the Danish beer. The king of Greece, the king of Greece and the crown prince of Denmark went out shooting together last week and got caught in the rain. They had to seek for more than an hour under the heavy branches of some trees to avoid soaking. At other times their majesties strolled around through the woods and among the farmhouses and visited places of interest like ordinary tourists, and on a recent Sunday afternoon they all went to the American church in Copenhagen to attend a memorial service for President McKinley.

Kaiser Wilhelm was not there. He cannot go to Denmark with his uncle and his cousins. The Danes do not like him, because his grandfather snatched Schleswig-Holstein away from them. But the czar and his family, including the four girl babies and the two crows that have traveled so far, came down from Fredensborg to Danzig to spend a few days and console the German emperor. The czarina and her sister, the wife of Prince Henry of Prussia, the emperor's brother, talked about their babies while the two great sovereigns exchanged compliments and fired salutes in honor of each other.

There were long and frequent conferences, and the fact that Count Lambsdorff and the Marquis of Lansdowne, ministers of foreign affairs respectively for Russia and England, and Graf von Bulow, prime minister of the German empire, were frequently present has set the gossipers guessing and has suggested all sorts of topics for people to talk about. It is solemnly believed that the subject of holding an international conference for the suppression of anarchists was the most important subject of conversation, but as all countries except England and the United States now export the wretches the responsibility seems to be upon them, and a conference is scarcely needed. The folly of the United States in continuing to grant an asylum to men who make it their business to advocate assassination and anarchy and the penalty we have suffered therefor is the principal theme of discussion in Europe, with the hope that the next congress may do something to amend the law, so that people who declare themselves opposed to all forms of government shall no longer be admitted to our ports.

Stricken with Paralysis.

Henderson Grinnett, of this place, was stricken with partial paralysis and completely lost the use of one arm and side. After being treated by an eminent physician for quite a while without relief, my wife recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and after using two bottles of it he is almost entirely cured.—Geo. R. McDonald, Man, Logan county, W. Va. Several other very remarkable cures of partial paralysis have been effected by the use of this liniment. It is most widely known, however, as a cure for rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Married Fourteenth Wife.

James Meriday of Barboursville, Ky., has proved that the number thirteen is more unlucky than any other number. He was divorced from his thirteenth wife Oct. 13 and married his fourteenth one hour later. Meriday is forty years old and in appearance resembles Buffalo Bill. Four of his wives are dead, nine have been divorced, and the fourteenth was a widow.

Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is an old friend in a new form. It is prepared for the particular benefit of sufferers from nasal catarrh who are used to an atomizer in spraying the diseased membranes. All the healing and soothing properties of Cream Balm are retained in the new preparation. It does not dry up the secretions. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cents. At your druggist's or Ely Brothers, 166 Warren street, New York, will mail it.

JAPAN'S PACIFIC MISSION.

It Says His Country Stands For Peace in the Orient.

In a speech before the Metropolitan club in New York, by whom Marquis Ito was entertained, the Japanese statesman outlined the purposes and prospects of his country. He said in part:

"There is one thing which people in general are not aware of. It is the coming in contact of the two entirely different civilizations. The highly individual civilization of the west is to come in close contact with the most ancient and venerable theocracy of the world, swarming with innumerable millions of human beings with a civilization almost diametrically opposed to that of the west. It is not the transient contact of conflicting rulers and armies, but it is the contact, an ever increasingly dense contact, of millions with millions in their daily life."

"The great question arises: Is this contact to produce a crash and a lightning, a repetition of events such as have occurred of late in China? Is this contact to be solved satisfactorily to both parties without coming to arms? Shall we be able to solve this problem peacefully if each party does not thoroughly understand and sympathize with the other? And would the two antagonistic forces be able to sympathize with and understand each other without there being somebody to act as mediator between the two?"

"Reasoned thus far, I believe, I am not saying too much that we are the only people in the orient who can fully understand the import and significance of the two civilizations, and I consider it a noble mission of our country to try to play a part in the future maintenance of the peace of the orient. I feel it our duty to play an honest broker in the coming contact of diametrically opposed cultures. We have been sometimes described as warlike people, but those who know our history will assure you that since some thousand years have we only three times come in conflict with foreign nations—once when we repelled the army of Kublai Khan some 700 years ago, next when we had war with Korea some 200 years ago and then for the third time in the last Chinese war."

"The fact that with these exceptions the empire has been enjoying profound peace with the rest of the world must be sufficient guarantee of the fact that our mission is that of peace and not of military glory. We are arming ourselves only to insure the fulfillment of the mission of peace, and the progress we have made thus far, both material and intellectual, would, I hope, justify you in regarding us in the light of friends in the conscientious fulfillment of our destiny."

Stepped into Live Coals.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for 30 years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp at 25c.

Are people who live in flats susceptible to flatery?

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Wm. M. Melville will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant safe and reliable. July-4m

Few women are so masculine as not to look around for some man's seat in a crowded street car.

A new remedy for biliousness is now on sale at Wm. M. Melville's drug store. It is called Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. It gives quick relief and will prevent the attack if given as soon as the first indication of the disease appears. Price 25 cents per box. Samples free.

The fellow who dines on calves' brains and ox-tail shouldn't have any difficulty in making both ends meet.

The excitement incident to traveling and change of food and water often brings on diarrhoea, and for this reason no one should leave home without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Truth is mighty. Sometimes it's mighty uncomfortable.

S. A. Ingalls, Crown Point, N. Y., writes: "My wife suffered from kidney trouble for years. She was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure and in less than a week after she began using it, she was greatly improved and three bottles cured her." For sale by H. F. Vortkamp.

No, Maude, dear: vaccination won't prevent people in prison from breaking out.

When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Wm. M. Melville's drug store.

That hacking cough easily cured if you use

DR. JAMES' CHERRY TAR SYRUP.

Pleasant and easy to take. Never fails.

At drug stores. 25 cents a bottle.

W. M. Melville and The Mail Pharmacy

Reporters and Policemen.

Reporters are often more active and more gifted with an instinct for detail than the officers, says Charles E. Grinnell in the November Atlantic. Together they make a formidable combination, but they are often divided in opinion and yet often in their sympathies. Reporters, like the average citizen, are more apt to pity the prisoner, if for nothing else for the very reason that an ambition of reporters to unearth more facts than the police. Newsboys are as ready as a newsman's friends as readily as news from his prosecutors. Nevertheless, they spread abroad the charge against a suspected person more than he or his friends wish. * * * Since the newspapers began long before a trial to work up a popular interest in all the persons concerned, the results cannot be other than an exaggeration of the importance to the public of what stimulates and gratifies curiosity, whether or not it afflicts the question of the prisoner's guilt.

Hygienic Sea-Baths.

Blessed are those with a good digestion, for they shall enjoy health. Blessed are those who eat proper food and pure food, for they insure the appetite. Blessed are those who are a prophet of good health, and blessed are those who know of old, who, knowing the benefits and man's tendency to abuse the good things of life, gathered the vegetable simples of St. Bernard Vegetable Pills as an antidote to human life, a preventative against disease and a health restorer.

Blobs—I wouldn't play poker with a palmer. Blobs—Why not?—Blobs: He knows too much about other people's hands.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, corner North and Main St.

Hook—I hear you were quite taken with Molly. Nye—Well, we were photographed together.

What's Your Face Worth.

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Nick Complexion. Only 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store.

Hoax—Poor B Jones is troubled with boils. Jones—People who have them generally are.

Where To Locate?

Why, In The Territory Traversed By The . . .

Louisville AND Nashville Railroad,

The Great Central Southern Trunkline IN KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA

WHERE

Farmers Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Investors, Speculators and Money Lenders

will find the greatest chance in the United States to make big money by reason of the abundance and cheapness of

LAND and FARMS, TIMBER and STONE, IRON and COAL LABOR—EVERYTHING!

Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer. Land and farms at \$1.00 per acre and upwards and 600,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead laws. Stockraising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits. Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—and don't delay, as the country is selling up rapidly. Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address: R. J. WENYUS, General Immigration and Industrial Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

The Easy Food Fast to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest. Quaker Oats At all grocers in 2-lb. pkgs. only

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WEST AND SOUTHWEST.
A new road, reaching with its own rails all principal points in
KANSAS, OKLAHOMA, INDIAN TERRITORY AND ARKANSAS,
Connecting with through trains from St. Louis and Kansas City to
NORTH AND SOUTH TEXAS.
Library Observation Sleepers to
SAN ANTONIO,
With connections for all points in
REPUBLIC OF MEXICO.
Excellent service via Burton, Kas., for points in
COLORADO, NEW MEXICO, ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA and the **FAR WEST.**
Ask for tickets via the
FRISCO SYSTEM.
Full information as to route and rates cheerfully furnished upon application to any local representative, or to
ALEX. HILTON, BRYAN SNYDER,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, Passenger Traffic Manager, SAINT LOUIS.

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LOOK AT THE MAP!
It will guide you to your travels between the Great Lakes and the South and Southwest. The OHIO CENTRAL LINES is the connecting Link.
TOLEDO, COLUMBUS, CLEVELAND, DETROIT, DAYTON, INDIANAPOLIS, KANSAS CITY, LOUISVILLE, MARIETTA, MIDDLETOWN, NASHVILLE, PITTSBURGH, RICHMOND, ST. CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, WASHINGTON, WHEELING.
THE DIRECT LINE BETWEEN
TOLEDO, ST. MARYS, COLUMBUS, MARIETTA, ATHENS, MIDDLETOWN, GALLIPOLIS, CHARLESTON, WEST VA.
RATES VIA OHIO CENTRAL LINES ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
Write us for Time Cards, Folders, Rates, Etc.
MOULTON HOUK, G. P. A., TOLEDO, O.

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The Direct Line is Via the
Louisville AND Nashville Railroad,
The Great Central Southern Trunkline IN KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA
WHERE
Farmers Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Investors, Speculators and Money Lenders
will find the greatest chance in the United States to make big money by reason of the abundance and cheapness of
LAND and FARMS, TIMBER and STONE, IRON and COAL LABOR—EVERYTHING!
Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer. Land and farms at \$1.00 per acre and upwards and 600,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead laws. Stockraising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits. Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—and don't delay, as the country is selling up rapidly. Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address: R. J. WENYUS, General Immigration and Industrial Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Our Service and Connections Are the Best.
Also to Points in
MEXICO, TEXAS, AND CALIFORNIA.
For rates and particulars regarding routes and limits, inquire of C. H. & D. agents or representatives.
D. G. EDWARDS,
Passenger Traffic Mgr., CINCINNATI, O.

Do You Know JELLYCON
Makes delicious dessert? No cooking, no baking, only a minute's labor. Delicious flavors—Lemon, Orange, Peach, Strawberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry (delicious with cold meats.)

HIGH

Officials Travel in Style.

Three Trains

Carry Inspecting Party Through Lima

And Every Inch of the Pennsylvania Track is Being Explored.

Cars Especially Equipped for the Purpose are Being Pushed Ahead of the Engines. Crestline Tonight.

The officials of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburgh passed through Lima on their annual inspection tour today. They were carried in three special trains which arrived this morning at 11:30, 11:40 and 11:50. The trains were a few minutes late and the stop here was shorter than was intended.

The trains were the finest that ever passed through Lima, and about 500 Pennsylvania company officials, including General Manager C. L. Peck, General Superintendent Charles Watts, Motive Power Superintendents Crawford and Turner and all of the division superintendents, trainmasters, civil engineers, roadmasters, division operators and road foremen of engines were on board. The party travel in three special trains and have seventeen cars in all. Two of the cars are observation cars, built purposely for such trips. They resemble outwardly a common box car. The front end is open and the rows of seats extending the full length of the cars are arranged similar to the seats in an open house, affording a good view to the occupants of the tracks ahead. Each car will accommodate about twenty-five people. They are pushed ahead of the engine and the trains travel only about eighteen miles an

hour. The party left Chicago yesterday morning and reached Winona in the evening, where they remained over night. Today they will traverse the road between Winona and Crestline and remain over night in the latter city. This trip is for the purpose of inspecting the tracks, and particularly that portion that has been doubled recently, and the little attention is paid to the shops.

A New Depot. It has been settled by official decision that Findlay is to have a new passenger depot on the L. E. & W. The only factor of doubt in the matter is that of the date when the new structure will be commenced but it is almost certain that the preliminary work will be inaugurated not later than next spring. There is even a possibility that something definite may be done this fall although the lateness of the season makes this hardly probable.

General Notes. Superintendent of bridges and buildings, C. J. Kinder, former W. H. Miller, of the same department, and inspector, T. E. Manchester, of the L. E. & W., were in Findlay yesterday looking over the bridge over the Blanchard river. These officials completed arrangements for the construction of an additional center abutment, to prepare for the heavy trains that will pass over the road from now on.

Col. John Moores, the hale and hearty traveling passenger agent of the T. & O. C., went to Lima yesterday on a business trip.—Findlay Courier.

S. R. Kramer, formerly superintendent of this division, of the L. E. & W., and later train master on the Chicago and Eastern, is now connected with the Cotton Belt in the latter capacity.

The morning west-bound passenger on the L. E. & W., yesterday was fifty-five minutes late, caused by the waiting for connection with the Lake Shore at Sandusky.

FORESTERS NOTICE.

Every member of Court Lima No. 550, Independent Order of Foresters, are requested to attend a meeting on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, in the Donze hall. Business of importance to the interest of every brother.

H. STANTER, Rec. Sec'y.

12, 3x3 1/2 Photos with one 35c button for 50c. Photos are mounted upon regular photo cards.

FENNER BROS.

Wky 79-44dy th-sat

MARK

Slipped in on the Quiet

And His Voice

Was Saved for the Van Wert Meeting.

Spent Nearly an Hour in Lima Behind Drawn Blinds

And There was No Sign of a Reception Committee, a Times-Democrat Reporter Being First to Greet Him.

The Republicans of Lima are evidently not keeping a very close tab on the movements of Senator Hanna, or they would have known that he had connections to make in Lima today that would keep him here for the greatest part of an hour, and made some arrangements to receive him in the proper spirit. On the contrary, however, Mr. Hanna, who occupied Pennsylvania private car No. 7835, arrived in the city from Toledo over the C. H. & D., at 8:55 this morning and there wasn't an outstretched hand to greet him until a representative of the Times-Democrat searched out the car that had been placed on the Pennsylvania siding, and was received into his august presence.

Mr. Hanna occupied the observation end of the car, all the blinds of which were drawn. There was but little to the interview the only statements made by the senator being in regard to the present campaign and naturally he was sanguine as to the result. When asked if he thought the death of President McKinley hadn't had a tendency to make politics rather quiet in the state, he replied that while there was an appearance of apathy, the meetings he had attended were large and there was no lack of purpose on the part of the Republicans of Ohio.

He could not say what the vote would be, only that Gov. Nash would have a handsome majority—the Republicans were enough interested in the issues to see to that.

Two minutes later the Times-Democrat reporter stood on the platform at the Pennsylvania depot and when the 8:55 west bound train pulled in nearly a half hour late, a half dozen Republican politicians, headed by Mayor McComb, crowded on board and pulled out of Lima, passing within a hundred yards from where the private car of Senator Hanna stood on the siding waiting for the 9:10 train.

The switch engine then backed the car up to the east transfer and it was held there until the 9:40 train came through and picked it up. Senator Hanna and party were bound for Van Wert where a mass meeting is to be held this afternoon and they will be transferred there to the Ohio Central.

NEW MEN

Are in Charge of the Colvin Livery Barn.

Asa Ridenour and F. B. Glancy Have Bought Out that Well Known Institution.

This morning the Colvin livery barn which for the past ten years has been operated under the firm style of W. R. Colvin & Company, under the personal management of Harmon Colvin, changed hands, and passed into the ownership of Asa Ridenour and F. B. Glancy, two well known railroad men of this city.

Mr. Ridenour was seen this morning, relative to the matter and said they had taken possession of the barn, and would manage it from this time. It will be remodeled and everything about it placed in the very best of condition.

The gentlemen who succeed Mr. Colvin are well known in this community. They are popular and progressive men and their success in their new enterprise is assured. They will conduct a strictly up-to-date barn and will give the public a number one service.

Mr. Colvin will devote his time to his many other interests, after his return from Larwell, Ind., where he went to take medical treatment for a period.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles.—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.



COLUMBIA ... SHOES

complete the swellest outfit, as a glance at our window will readily show. Better still! Try a pair of our "new idea" shoes.

'They'll please you.



HYER

Escaped from an Asylum.

Six Years Ago

He Got Away from Columbus Institution

And was Recognized Today by Superintendent G. A. Doren.

He Will Probably be Returned There Instead of Going to the Penitentiary for His Crime.

The coming of Dr. G. A. Doren, superintendent of the institution for Feeble-minded Youth at Columbus to attend the conference of Charities and Corrections, was a fortunate thing in another particular, as he prevented the sending of a man to the penitentiary for the commission of a vulgar crime for which he was no doubt not mentally responsible.

The man referred to is Benjamin Hyer, who was indicted by the last grand jury for sodomy and would have been sent to the penitentiary as the law requires but for the interference of Dr. Doren, who recognized in the name and the man a former inmate of the institution. Dr. Doren stated that he escaped from the home about six years ago and all trace of him had been lost.

Under this revelation a new proceeding will probably be had and Hyer sent back to the institution. He looks and acts like a degenerate, and the crime itself is one which no man, however much of a brute he might be, would commit if he had full control of his senses.

Three More Gone.

Sheriff Bogart lost three boarders today, when Mack Walters, Laura Mort and J. R. Newcomb were taken away to serve their sentences. Walters was taken to the Lancaster reform school by officer Gardner and Miss Mort and J. R. Newcomb to the penitentiary, accompanied by Sheriff Bogart and his wife.

The Damage Suit.

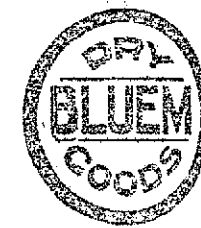
All of the evidence has been presented in the damage suit of Geo. D. Moyer vs. the Lima Electric Light company, and the attorneys are now arguing the case. A verdict may be returned before the day is over.

MARRIED.

The home of Mr. Thomas Steinbuck was the scene of a very pretty, quiet wedding, Saturday evening, October 26, at 4 o'clock. The contracting parties were Mr. Oscar B. Steinbuck and Miss Nina May Wilson. Rev. Albert H. Weaver solemnized the marriage in the presence of a few relatives and intimate friends.



HAVING the reputation of being the leading "Dress Goods, Suit House" of Lima, we guard it with jealous pride, and for the latest, newest and largest variety of all classes of goods, comprising our lines consistent with moderate prices you can always depend on the trustworthiness



"BLUEUM STANDARD" of anything you buy from us.

Flannelettes.

We never had a more elegant assortment of styles and prices for Waists, Underskirts, Gowns and a hundred different uses, at 5c a yard on up to 17c.

We mention particularly the 12c quality, also the Persian and Albatross patterns at 17c.

Neckwear.

A fortunate late purchase in neck beautifiers you will find in some wide silk goods, with dots and Persian effects, at 50c and \$1.00 each. Be sure and ask to see them.

Ribbons.

This is also one of our strongest lines and can be called among its uses, a neck beautifier.

Special Taffeta Ribbon, in No. 50, all colors, 12c a yard.

Pan (or two toned) a plain color on one side and another color on the opposite side, at 25c per yard.

Taffeta, with pelka-dot, 3 1/2 inches wide, beautiful grade, 40c per yard.

Satin Liberty, polka-dot, 4 1/2 inches wide, 75c per yard.

French Flannel.

Beautiful waist material and we are selling large quantities of them.

Plain colors at 35c, 50c and 60c per yard.

Fancy effects in stripes and figures, novelties, 75c per yard.

A new thing in these goods are the already carded flannels, ready to be made up, 50c per yard.

Corduroys.

Are one of the popular things for this Fall's wear. Waists, Suits and Jackets, we have a good quality at 75c a yard.

Velvets.

This is a velvet season sure and we have them supply you with, in all colors and black, at \$1.50, \$1.50 and \$1.75 per yard.

Gloves.

Golf Gloves have a big sale this season and you can buy some beautiful goods from us in children's, 4c and 50c per pair.

Ladies' at 25c, 45c and 50c per pair.

Kid Gloves.

"Corona", hook and clasp; black, white and all Fall shades, sizes 5 1/2 to 7 1/2, at \$1.00 pair.

"Maggeon", hook and clasp; black, white and all Fall shades, sizes 5 1/2 to 7 1/2, at \$1.00 pair.

"Morhas", in clasps, black and gray, 5 1/2 to 7 1/2, \$1.25 pair.

Cushion Tops

We have sold more of these than ever before in our business career and can furnish you with a large variety of patterns and qualities than ever before from a plain crash stamped cover, at 10c each, to the beautiful values at \$1.50 each, and we have all the latest prices marked for all purposes.

Silkoline

Beautiful patterns and a good quality, and season's styles, but new goods at 10c a yard.

We carry the better grades as well as some good goods in Demin, for upholstering purposes.

Lace Curtains

Ask to see some of the great values we have in this line.

"DRESS GOODS", "SUIT HOUSE",
55-57 Public Square.

SEVERE

Rap Given the Lima Foot Ball Team.

Sidney News Claims That it was Superior Playing That Captured Recent Game.

Sidney comes back at Lima for the effort made to explain the recent defeat of the home team in that city last week, and the contention that Sidney was Lima's superior in weight is denied by the News in the following terms:

"Foot ball teams where they are defeated always have some good excuse to account for it, but the excuse the Lima foot ball players carried home with them last Friday evening is a very poor one. Anyone seeing the Sidney and Lima teams line up for play would not hesitate to say that Lima was much the heavier. The Lima boys claim they were defeated because of the over abundance of weight of the Sidney team. The average weight of the eleven men who played the game for Sidney last Friday was a fraction over 131 pounds as furnished by one of the members of the team today. The Lima team according to their figures averaged about the same.

"Lima lost the game simply because they were outplayed at every point. Sidney went through their heavy line for five, ten, fifteen and twenty yards at almost every play and several times sent men around the ends for twenty and forty yards. Lima played nothing but a bucking game throughout the game, they had the ball, which was not often. Only once did they try an end play and that resulted very disastrously. Let the Sidney boys see Lima and let the people there see themselves and judge who are the heavier and who plays the most scientific game. The defeat of Lima by the Sidney boys was a great surprise to them and they can't get over it."

BARGAIN FRIDAY.

Prudent shoppers may practice economy here with safety and satisfaction.

The reliability of the Feltz Bros. merchandise places the untutored shopper on a par with the clever buyer. You don't run any risk here, because we do not sell questionable merchandise, we have but one price for everybody. Everything marked in plain figures.

CORSETS.

About 2 dozen Corsets an accumulation of odds and ends, several lines of Corsets we do not wish to carry in stock any longer. Corsets that formerly sold readily at \$1.00 each. Tomorrow's price 25c to close. We have the following sizes: Five 18; two 20; one 22; three 23; one 24; four 26; two 27; one 28, and several sizes of Misses' Corsets.

DRESS GOODS.

A 54-inch, all wool, medium weight skirting worth 98c a yard. Tomorrow's price 69c a yard. We have this cloth in a light and dark gray.

One piece 22-inch black Beau de Soie, one of the best wearing silks made. Friday, special price 79c a yard.

About 5 dozen men's heavy Merino Undershirts, slightly soiled, former price 50c each. Your choice of these for 25c each.

The men's extra heavy fleeced underwear we are selling at 30c per garment will not last much longer for bargains of this nature are bought up quite readily. Better lay in a supply while you have an opportunity.

The ladies fleeced lined hose we are selling at 10c, 15c and 25c a pair are making new friends for our hosiery department every day.

Have you ever noticed that "no trouble to show goods" prevails in our entire store. That's the way we feel about it and want you to feel the same.

FELTZ BROS. & CO.

1st Door South of Court House.